

107<sup>TH</sup> CONGRESS  
2<sup>D</sup> SESSION

# H. CON. RES. 453

Expressing the sense of Congress relating to the increasingly dire food security situation in Zimbabwe and the failure of the Mugabe regime to take appropriate measures to mitigate the impact of its failed policies on the nutritional well-being of the people of Zimbabwe and of other countries in the Southern Africa region.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JULY 26, 2002

Mr. HYDE (for himself and Mr. ROYCE) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on International Relations

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## CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Expressing the sense of Congress relating to the increasingly dire food security situation in Zimbabwe and the failure of the Mugabe regime to take appropriate measures to mitigate the impact of its failed policies on the nutritional well-being of the people of Zimbabwe and of other countries in the Southern Africa region.

Whereas the United Nations expects that starting in June 2002 more than 5,000,000 people in Zimbabwe will require food aid to survive, and that by December 2002, that figure will increase to 6,100,000 people;

Whereas cereal production in Zimbabwe in 2002 is down 57 percent from the level of such production in 2001 and is

down 67 percent from the level of such production in 1999–2000;

Whereas maize production in Zimbabwe in 2002 is down 67 percent from the level of such production in 2001 and down 77 percent from the level of such production in 1999–2000;

Whereas Mr. Robert Mugabe maintained the powers of the Zimbabwean presidency after a March 2002 election, the legitimacy of which is widely rejected, including by the United States;

Whereas Zimbabwe historically was a major food producer for Southern Africa, feeding itself and helping its neighbors through the work of its industrious and productive agricultural sector, but is now for the first time in its post-colonial history undergoing food shortages not caused primarily by natural factors, but rather by failed and destructive policies of Mr. Mugabe;

Whereas unemployment in Zimbabwe is now more than 70 percent, with farm and industrial workers particularly affected;

Whereas agricultural production is decreasing precipitously in Zimbabwe due to the actions of the Mugabe regime and also through economic collapse and lack of security due to Mugabe-supported mob violence, including increased illegal confiscation and occupation of farms;

Whereas in 1997 Zimbabwe had an annualized inflation rate of 18.3 percent, but following the implementation of failed and self-destructive economic policies of the Mugabe regime, Zimbabwe now suffers from 114 percent inflation;

Whereas World Food Program officials have stated that “a crisis looms large over Zimbabwe’s horizon, and will seriously affect many more than the 6,100,000 most vulnerable people”, and the crisis “will turn into a grave crisis in the next few months with tragic consequences unless rapid and adequate response is made”;

Whereas the people most affected by this looming crisis in Zimbabwe are the poor and vulnerable—those individuals living in areas with chronic food deficits, the urban poor who are entirely dependent on markets that have failed to provide even barely adequate supplies of commodities, and the displaced commercial farm workers and their families who have been the victims of violence;

Whereas the United States has and will continue to furnish emergency food assistance to the people of Zimbabwe through the United Nations and nongovernmental organizations;

Whereas the people of the United States value peace and stability in the global community and in particular the economic prosperity and livelihoods of the people of the nations of Africa; and

Whereas the people and Government of the United States have long promoted the adherence to basic human rights for all, the adoption of sound economic policies, and the respect for political and press freedom, and urge other peoples and governments to do so as well: Now, therefore, be it

1        *Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate*  
 2 *concurring)*, That it is the sense of Congress that—

3            (1) the land confiscation campaign and the  
 4        state-sponsored campaign of violence, torture, and

1 intimidation led by Mr. Robert Mugabe and his fol-  
2 lowers is a calculated and depraved attempt to cling  
3 to power at the expense of the Zimbabwean people;

4 (2) the economic and nutritional status of the  
5 Zimbabwean people will only be harmed further by  
6 the continued pursuit of failed policies by Mr.  
7 Mugabe and his followers;

8 (3) Mr. Mugabe should immediately cease the  
9 state monopoly on grain imports and allow market  
10 forces to deliver food to areas of Zimbabwe in need;

11 (4) in this time of self-imposed crisis, Mr.  
12 Mugabe should allow the unfettered access of the in-  
13 digenous and international nongovernmental commu-  
14 nity, including the United Nations, to assist  
15 Zimbabwean people in need;

16 (5) Mr. Mugabe and his followers should imme-  
17 diately cease the withholding of food deliveries from  
18 certain regions of Zimbabwe, thus ending the use of  
19 food as a weapon against his own people; and

20 (6) absent any corrective action on his part,  
21 Mr. Mugabe's legacy will be defined by his responsi-  
22 bility for the suffering and death by famine of many  
23 tens of thousands of Zimbabweans.

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