

113TH CONGRESS
2^D SESSION

H. R. 2641

AN ACT

To provide for improved coordination of agency actions in the preparation and adoption of environmental documents for permitting determinations, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “Responsibly And Pro-
3 fessionally Invigorating Development Act of 2014” or as
4 the “RAPID Act”.

5 **SEC. 2. COORDINATION OF AGENCY ADMINISTRATIVE OP-**
6 **ERATIONS FOR EFFICIENT DECISIONMAKING.**

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 5 of part 1 of title 5,
8 United States Code, is amended by inserting after sub-
9 chapter II the following:

10 “SUBCHAPTER IIA—INTERAGENCY
11 COORDINATION REGARDING PERMITTING
12 “§ 560. Coordination of agency administrative oper-
13 ations for efficient decisionmaking

14 “(a) CONGRESSIONAL DECLARATION OF PURPOSE.—
15 The purpose of this subchapter is to establish a framework
16 and procedures to streamline, increase the efficiency of,
17 and enhance coordination of agency administration of the
18 regulatory review, environmental decisionmaking, and per-
19 mitting process for projects undertaken, reviewed, or fund-
20 ed by Federal agencies. This subchapter will ensure that
21 agencies administer the regulatory process in a manner
22 that is efficient so that citizens are not burdened with reg-
23 ulatory excuses and time delays.

24 “(b) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this sub-
25 chapter, the term—

1 “(1) ‘agency’ means any agency, department, or
2 other unit of Federal, State, local, or Indian tribal
3 government;

4 “(2) ‘category of projects’ means 2 or more
5 projects related by project type, potential environ-
6 mental impacts, geographic location, or another
7 similar project feature or characteristic;

8 “(3) ‘environmental assessment’ means a con-
9 cise public document for which a Federal agency is
10 responsible that serves to—

11 “(A) briefly provide sufficient evidence and
12 analysis for determining whether to prepare an
13 environmental impact statement or a finding of
14 no significant impact;

15 “(B) aid an agency’s compliance with
16 NEPA when no environmental impact state-
17 ment is necessary; and

18 “(C) facilitate preparation of an environ-
19 mental impact statement when one is necessary;

20 “(4) ‘environmental impact statement’ means
21 the detailed statement of significant environmental
22 impacts required to be prepared under NEPA;

23 “(5) ‘environmental review’ means the Federal
24 agency procedures for preparing an environmental

1 impact statement, environmental assessment, cat-
2 egorical exclusion, or other document under NEPA;

3 “(6) ‘environmental decisionmaking process’
4 means the Federal agency procedures for under-
5 taking and completion of any environmental permit,
6 decision, approval, review, or study under any Fed-
7 eral law other than NEPA for a project subject to
8 an environmental review;

9 “(7) ‘environmental document’ means an envi-
10 ronmental assessment or environmental impact
11 statement, and includes any supplemental document
12 or document prepared pursuant to a court order;

13 “(8) ‘finding of no significant impact’ means a
14 document by a Federal agency briefly presenting the
15 reasons why a project, not otherwise subject to a
16 categorical exclusion, will not have a significant ef-
17 fect on the human environment and for which an en-
18 vironmental impact statement therefore will not be
19 prepared;

20 “(9) ‘lead agency’ means the Federal agency
21 preparing or responsible for preparing the environ-
22 mental document;

23 “(10) ‘NEPA’ means the National Environ-
24 mental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.);

1 “(11) ‘project’ means major Federal actions
2 that are construction activities undertaken with Fed-
3 eral funds or that are construction activities that re-
4 quire approval by a permit or regulatory decision
5 issued by a Federal agency;

6 “(12) ‘project sponsor’ means the agency or
7 other entity, including any private or public-private
8 entity, that seeks approval for a project or is other-
9 wise responsible for undertaking a project; and

10 “(13) ‘record of decision’ means a document
11 prepared by a lead agency under NEPA following an
12 environmental impact statement that states the lead
13 agency’s decision, identifies the alternatives consid-
14 ered by the agency in reaching its decision and
15 states whether all practicable means to avoid or min-
16 imize environmental harm from the alternative se-
17 lected have been adopted, and if not, why they were
18 not adopted.

19 “(c) PREPARATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL DOCU-
20 MENTS.—Upon the request of the lead agency, the project
21 sponsor shall be authorized to prepare any document for
22 purposes of an environmental review required in support
23 of any project or approval by the lead agency if the lead
24 agency furnishes oversight in such preparation and inde-
25 pendently evaluates such document and the document is

1 approved and adopted by the lead agency prior to taking
2 any action or making any approval based on such docu-
3 ment.

4 “(d) ADOPTION AND USE OF DOCUMENTS.—

5 “(1) DOCUMENTS PREPARED UNDER NEPA.—

6 “(A) Not more than 1 environmental im-
7 pact statement and 1 environmental assessment
8 shall be prepared under NEPA for a project
9 (except for supplemental environmental docu-
10 ments prepared under NEPA or environmental
11 documents prepared pursuant to a court order),
12 and, except as otherwise provided by law, the
13 lead agency shall prepare the environmental im-
14 pact statement or environmental assessment.
15 After the lead agency issues a record of deci-
16 sion, no Federal agency responsible for making
17 any approval for that project may rely on a docu-
18 ment other than the environmental document
19 prepared by the lead agency.

20 “(B) Upon the request of a project spon-
21 sor, a lead agency may adopt, use, or rely upon
22 secondary and cumulative impact analyses in-
23 cluded in any environmental document prepared
24 under NEPA for projects in the same geo-
25 graphic area where the secondary and cumu-

1 lative impact analyses provide information and
2 data that pertains to the NEPA decision for the
3 project under review.

4 “(2) STATE ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTS;
5 SUPPLEMENTAL DOCUMENTS.—

6 “(A) Upon the request of a project spon-
7 sor, a lead agency may adopt a document that
8 has been prepared for a project under State
9 laws and procedures as the environmental im-
10 pact statement or environmental assessment for
11 the project, provided that the State laws and
12 procedures under which the document was pre-
13 pared provide environmental protection and op-
14 portunities for public involvement that are sub-
15 stantially equivalent to NEPA.

16 “(B) An environmental document adopted
17 under subparagraph (A) is deemed to satisfy
18 the lead agency’s obligation under NEPA to
19 prepare an environmental impact statement or
20 environmental assessment.

21 “(C) In the case of a document described
22 in subparagraph (A), during the period after
23 preparation of the document but before its
24 adoption by the lead agency, the lead agency

1 shall prepare and publish a supplement to that
2 document if the lead agency determines that—

3 “(i) a significant change has been
4 made to the project that is relevant for
5 purposes of environmental review of the
6 project; or

7 “(ii) there have been significant
8 changes in circumstances or availability of
9 information relevant to the environmental
10 review for the project.

11 “(D) If the agency prepares and publishes
12 a supplemental document under subparagraph
13 (C), the lead agency may solicit comments from
14 agencies and the public on the supplemental
15 document for a period of not more than 45
16 days beginning on the date of the publication of
17 the supplement.

18 “(E) A lead agency shall issue its record of
19 decision or finding of no significant impact, as
20 appropriate, based upon the document adopted
21 under subparagraph (A), and any supplements
22 thereto.

23 “(3) CONTEMPORANEOUS PROJECTS.—If the
24 lead agency determines that there is a reasonable
25 likelihood that the project will have similar environ-

1 mental impacts as a similar project in geographical
2 proximity to the project, and that similar project
3 was subject to environmental review or similar State
4 procedures within the 5-year period immediately pre-
5 ceding the date that the lead agency makes that de-
6 termination, the lead agency may adopt the environ-
7 mental document that resulted from that environ-
8 mental review or similar State procedure. The lead
9 agency may adopt such an environmental document,
10 if it is prepared under State laws and procedures
11 only upon making a favorable determination on such
12 environmental document pursuant to paragraph
13 (2)(A).

14 “(e) PARTICIPATING AGENCIES.—

15 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The lead agency shall be
16 responsible for inviting and designating participating
17 agencies in accordance with this subsection. The
18 lead agency shall provide the invitation or notice of
19 the designation in writing.

20 “(2) FEDERAL PARTICIPATING AGENCIES.—Any
21 Federal agency that is required to adopt the envi-
22 ronmental document of the lead agency for a project
23 shall be designated as a participating agency and
24 shall collaborate on the preparation of the environ-
25 mental document, unless the Federal agency informs

1 the lead agency, in writing, by a time specified by
2 the lead agency in the designation of the Federal
3 agency that the Federal agency—

4 “(A) has no jurisdiction or authority with
5 respect to the project;

6 “(B) has no expertise or information rel-
7 evant to the project; and

8 “(C) does not intend to submit comments
9 on the project.

10 “(3) INVITATION.—The lead agency shall iden-
11 tify, as early as practicable in the environmental re-
12 view for a project, any agencies other than an agen-
13 cy described in paragraph (2) that may have an in-
14 terest in the project, including, where appropriate,
15 Governors of affected States, and heads of appro-
16 priate tribal and local (including county) govern-
17 ments, and shall invite such identified agencies and
18 officials to become participating agencies in the envi-
19 ronmental review for the project. The invitation shall
20 set a deadline of 30 days for responses to be sub-
21 mitted, which may only be extended by the lead
22 agency for good cause shown. Any agency that fails
23 to respond prior to the deadline shall be deemed to
24 have declined the invitation.

1 “(4) EFFECT OF DECLINING PARTICIPATING
2 AGENCY INVITATION.—Any agency that declines a
3 designation or invitation by the lead agency to be a
4 participating agency shall be precluded from submit-
5 ting comments on any document prepared under
6 NEPA for that project or taking any measures to
7 oppose, based on the environmental review, any per-
8 mit, license, or approval related to that project.

9 “(5) EFFECT OF DESIGNATION.—Designation
10 as a participating agency under this subsection does
11 not imply that the participating agency—

12 “(A) supports a proposed project; or

13 “(B) has any jurisdiction over, or special
14 expertise with respect to evaluation of, the
15 project.

16 “(6) COOPERATING AGENCY.—A participating
17 agency may also be designated by a lead agency as
18 a ‘cooperating agency’ under the regulations con-
19 tained in part 1500 of title 40, Code of Federal Reg-
20 ulations, as in effect on January 1, 2011. Designa-
21 tion as a cooperating agency shall have no effect on
22 designation as participating agency. No agency that
23 is not a participating agency may be designated as
24 a cooperating agency.

1 “(7) CONCURRENT REVIEWS.—Each Federal
2 agency shall—

3 “(A) carry out obligations of the Federal
4 agency under other applicable law concurrently
5 and in conjunction with the review required
6 under NEPA; and

7 “(B) in accordance with the rules made by
8 the Council on Environmental Quality pursuant
9 to subsection (n)(1), make and carry out such
10 rules, policies, and procedures as may be rea-
11 sonably necessary to enable the agency to en-
12 sure completion of the environmental review
13 and environmental decisionmaking process in a
14 timely, coordinated, and environmentally re-
15 sponsible manner.

16 “(8) COMMENTS.—Each participating agency
17 shall limit its comments on a project to areas that
18 are within the authority and expertise of such par-
19 ticipating agency. Each participating agency shall
20 identify in such comments the statutory authority of
21 the participating agency pertaining to the subject
22 matter of its comments. The lead agency shall not
23 act upon, respond to or include in any document
24 prepared under NEPA, any comment submitted by
25 a participating agency that concerns matters that

1 are outside of the authority and expertise of the
2 commenting participating agency.

3 “(f) PROJECT INITIATION REQUEST.—

4 “(1) NOTICE.—A project sponsor shall provide
5 the Federal agency responsible for undertaking a
6 project with notice of the initiation of the project by
7 providing a description of the proposed project, the
8 general location of the proposed project, and a state-
9 ment of any Federal approvals anticipated to be nec-
10 essary for the proposed project, for the purpose of
11 informing the Federal agency that the environmental
12 review should be initiated.

13 “(2) LEAD AGENCY INITIATION.—The agency
14 receiving a project initiation notice under paragraph
15 (1) shall promptly identify the lead agency for the
16 project, and the lead agency shall initiate the envi-
17 ronmental review within a period of 45 days after
18 receiving the notice required by paragraph (1) by in-
19 viting or designating agencies to become partici-
20 pating agencies, or, where the lead agency deter-
21 mines that no participating agencies are required for
22 the project, by taking such other actions that are
23 reasonable and necessary to initiate the environ-
24 mental review.

25 “(g) ALTERNATIVES ANALYSIS.—

1 “(1) PARTICIPATION.—As early as practicable
2 during the environmental review, but no later than
3 during scoping for a project requiring the prepara-
4 tion of an environmental impact statement, the lead
5 agency shall provide an opportunity for involvement
6 by cooperating agencies in determining the range of
7 alternatives to be considered for a project.

8 “(2) RANGE OF ALTERNATIVES.—Following
9 participation under paragraph (1), the lead agency
10 shall determine the range of alternatives for consid-
11 eration in any document which the lead agency is re-
12 sponsible for preparing for the project, subject to the
13 following limitations:

14 “(A) NO EVALUATION OF CERTAIN ALTER-
15 NATIVES.—No Federal agency shall evaluate
16 any alternative that was identified but not car-
17 ried forward for detailed evaluation in an envi-
18 ronmental document or evaluated and not se-
19 lected in any environmental document prepared
20 under NEPA for the same project.

21 “(B) ONLY FEASIBLE ALTERNATIVES
22 EVALUATED.—Where a project is being con-
23 structed, managed, funded, or undertaken by a
24 project sponsor that is not a Federal agency,
25 Federal agencies shall only be required to evalu-

1 ate alternatives that the project sponsor could
2 feasibly undertake, consistent with the purpose
3 of and the need for the project, including alter-
4 natives that can be undertaken by the project
5 sponsor and that are technically and economi-
6 cally feasible.

7 “(3) METHODOLOGIES.—

8 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The lead agency shall
9 determine, in collaboration with cooperating
10 agencies at appropriate times during the envi-
11 ronmental review, the methodologies to be used
12 and the level of detail required in the analysis
13 of each alternative for a project. The lead agen-
14 cy shall include in the environmental document
15 a description of the methodologies used and
16 how the methodologies were selected.

17 “(B) NO EVALUATION OF INAPPROPRIATE
18 ALTERNATIVES.—When a lead agency deter-
19 mines that an alternative does not meet the
20 purpose and need for a project, that alternative
21 is not required to be evaluated in detail in an
22 environmental document.

23 “(4) PREFERRED ALTERNATIVE.—At the dis-
24 cretion of the lead agency, the preferred alternative
25 for a project, after being identified, may be devel-

1 oped to a higher level of detail than other alter-
2 natives in order to facilitate the development of miti-
3 gation measures or concurrent compliance with other
4 applicable laws if the lead agency determines that
5 the development of such higher level of detail will
6 not prevent the lead agency from making an impar-
7 tial decision as to whether to accept another alter-
8 native which is being considered in the environ-
9 mental review.

10 “(5) EMPLOYMENT ANALYSIS.—The evaluation
11 of each alternative in an environmental impact state-
12 ment or an environmental assessment shall identify
13 the potential effects of the alternative on employ-
14 ment, including potential short-term and long-term
15 employment increases and reductions and shifts in
16 employment.

17 “(h) COORDINATION AND SCHEDULING.—

18 “(1) COORDINATION PLAN.—

19 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The lead agency shall
20 establish and implement a plan for coordinating
21 public and agency participation in and comment
22 on the environmental review for a project or
23 category of projects to facilitate the expeditious
24 resolution of the environmental review.

25 “(B) SCHEDULE.—

1 “(i) IN GENERAL.—The lead agency
2 shall establish as part of the coordination
3 plan for a project, after consultation with
4 each participating agency and, where appli-
5 cable, the project sponsor, a schedule for
6 completion of the environmental review.
7 The schedule shall include deadlines, con-
8 sistent with subsection (i), for decisions
9 under any other Federal laws (including
10 the issuance or denial of a permit or li-
11 cense) relating to the project that is cov-
12 ered by the schedule.

13 “(ii) FACTORS FOR CONSIDER-
14 ATION.—In establishing the schedule, the
15 lead agency shall consider factors such
16 as—

17 “(I) the responsibilities of par-
18 ticipating agencies under applicable
19 laws;

20 “(II) resources available to the
21 participating agencies;

22 “(III) overall size and complexity
23 of the project;

24 “(IV) overall schedule for and
25 cost of the project;

1 “(V) the sensitivity of the natural
2 and historic resources that could be
3 affected by the project; and

4 “(VI) the extent to which similar
5 projects in geographic proximity were
6 recently subject to environmental re-
7 view or similar State procedures.

8 “(iii) COMPLIANCE WITH THE SCHED-
9 ULE.—

10 “(I) All participating agencies
11 shall comply with the time periods es-
12 tablished in the schedule or with any
13 modified time periods, where the lead
14 agency modifies the schedule pursuant
15 to subparagraph (D).

16 “(II) The lead agency shall dis-
17 regard and shall not respond to or in-
18 clude in any document prepared under
19 NEPA, any comment or information
20 submitted or any finding made by a
21 participating agency that is outside of
22 the time period established in the
23 schedule or modification pursuant to
24 subparagraph (D) for that agency’s
25 comment, submission or finding.

1 “(III) If a participating agency
2 fails to object in writing to a lead
3 agency decision, finding or request for
4 concurrence within the time period es-
5 tablished under law or by the lead
6 agency, the agency shall be deemed to
7 have concurred in the decision, finding
8 or request.

9 “(C) CONSISTENCY WITH OTHER TIME PE-
10 RIODS.—A schedule under subparagraph (B)
11 shall be consistent with any other relevant time
12 periods established under Federal law.

13 “(D) MODIFICATION.—The lead agency
14 may—

15 “(i) lengthen a schedule established
16 under subparagraph (B) for good cause;
17 and

18 “(ii) shorten a schedule only with the
19 concurrence of the cooperating agencies.

20 “(E) DISSEMINATION.—A copy of a sched-
21 ule under subparagraph (B), and of any modi-
22 fications to the schedule, shall be—

23 “(i) provided within 15 days of com-
24 pletion or modification of such schedule to

1 all participating agencies and to the
2 project sponsor; and

3 “(ii) made available to the public.

4 “(F) ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITY OF
5 LEAD AGENCY.—With respect to the environ-
6 mental review for any project, the lead agency
7 shall have authority and responsibility to take
8 such actions as are necessary and proper, with-
9 in the authority of the lead agency, to facilitate
10 the expeditious resolution of the environmental
11 review for the project.

12 “(i) DEADLINES.—The following deadlines shall
13 apply to any project subject to review under NEPA and
14 any decision under any Federal law relating to such
15 project (including the issuance or denial of a permit or
16 license or any required finding):

17 “(1) ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW DEADLINES.—
18 The lead agency shall complete the environmental
19 review within the following deadlines:

20 “(A) ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATE-
21 MENT PROJECTS.—For projects requiring prep-
22 aration of an environmental impact statement—

23 “(i) the lead agency shall issue an en-
24 vironmental impact statement within 2
25 years after the earlier of the date the lead

1 agency receives the project initiation re-
2 quest or a Notice of Intent to Prepare an
3 Environmental Impact Statement is pub-
4 lished in the Federal Register; and

5 “(ii) in circumstances where the lead
6 agency has prepared an environmental as-
7 sessment and determined that an environ-
8 mental impact statement will be required,
9 the lead agency shall issue the environ-
10 mental impact statement within 2 years
11 after the date of publication of the Notice
12 of Intent to Prepare an Environmental Im-
13 pact Statement in the Federal Register.

14 “(B) ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT
15 PROJECTS.—For projects requiring preparation
16 of an environmental assessment, the lead agen-
17 cy shall issue a finding of no significant impact
18 or publish a Notice of Intent to Prepare an En-
19 vironmental Impact Statement in the Federal
20 Register within 1 year after the earlier of the
21 date the lead agency receives the project initi-
22 ation request, makes a decision to prepare an
23 environmental assessment, or sends out partici-
24 pating agency invitations.

25 “(2) EXTENSIONS.—

1 “(A) REQUIREMENTS.—The environmental
2 review deadlines may be extended only if—

3 “(i) a different deadline is established
4 by agreement of the lead agency, the
5 project sponsor, and all participating agen-
6 cies; or

7 “(ii) the deadline is extended by the
8 lead agency for good cause.

9 “(B) LIMITATION.—The environmental re-
10 view shall not be extended by more than 1 year
11 for a project requiring preparation of an envi-
12 ronmental impact statement or by more than
13 180 days for a project requiring preparation of
14 an environmental assessment.

15 “(3) ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW COMMENTS.—

16 “(A) COMMENTS ON DRAFT ENVIRON-
17 MENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT.—For comments
18 by agencies and the public on a draft environ-
19 mental impact statement, the lead agency shall
20 establish a comment period of not more than 60
21 days after publication in the Federal Register
22 of notice of the date of public availability of
23 such document, unless—

24 “(i) a different deadline is established
25 by agreement of the lead agency, the

1 project sponsor, and all participating agen-
2 cies; or

3 “(ii) the deadline is extended by the
4 lead agency for good cause.

5 “(B) OTHER COMMENTS.—For all other
6 comment periods for agency or public comments
7 in the environmental review process, the lead
8 agency shall establish a comment period of no
9 more than 30 days from availability of the ma-
10 terials on which comment is requested, unless—

11 “(i) a different deadline is established
12 by agreement of the lead agency, the
13 project sponsor, and all participating agen-
14 cies; or

15 “(ii) the deadline is extended by the
16 lead agency for good cause.

17 “(4) DEADLINES FOR DECISIONS UNDER
18 OTHER LAWS.—Notwithstanding any other provision
19 of law, in any case in which a decision under any
20 other Federal law relating to the undertaking of a
21 project being reviewed under NEPA (including the
22 issuance or denial of a permit or license) is required
23 to be made, the following deadlines shall apply:

24 “(A) DECISIONS PRIOR TO RECORD OF DE-
25 CISION OR FINDING OF NO SIGNIFICANT IM-

1 PACT.—If a Federal agency is required to ap-
2 prove, or otherwise to act upon, a permit, li-
3 cense, or other similar application for approval
4 related to a project prior to the record of deci-
5 sion or finding of no significant impact, such
6 Federal agency shall approve or otherwise act
7 not later than the end of a 90-day period begin-
8 ning—

9 “(i) after all other relevant agency re-
10 view related to the project is complete; and

11 “(ii) after the lead agency publishes a
12 notice of the availability of the final envi-
13 ronmental impact statement or issuance of
14 other final environmental documents, or no
15 later than such other date that is otherwise
16 required by law, whichever event occurs
17 first.

18 “(B) OTHER DECISIONS.—With regard to
19 any approval or other action related to a project
20 by a Federal agency that is not subject to sub-
21 paragraph (A), each Federal agency shall ap-
22 prove or otherwise act not later than the end of
23 a period of 180 days beginning—

24 “(i) after all other relevant agency re-
25 view related to the project is complete; and

1 “(ii) after the lead agency issues the
2 record of decision or finding of no signifi-
3 cant impact, unless a different deadline is
4 established by agreement of the Federal
5 agency, lead agency, and the project spon-
6 sor, where applicable, or the deadline is ex-
7 tended by the Federal agency for good
8 cause, provided that such extension shall
9 not extend beyond a period that is 1 year
10 after the lead agency issues the record of
11 decision or finding of no significant im-
12 pact.

13 “(C) FAILURE TO ACT.—In the event that
14 any Federal agency fails to approve, or other-
15 wise to act upon, a permit, license, or other
16 similar application for approval related to a
17 project within the applicable deadline described
18 in subparagraph (A) or (B), the permit, license,
19 or other similar application shall be deemed ap-
20 proved by such agency and the agency shall
21 take action in accordance with such approval
22 within 30 days of the applicable deadline de-
23 scribed in subparagraph (A) or (B).

24 “(D) FINAL AGENCY ACTION.—Any ap-
25 proval under subparagraph (C) is deemed to be

1 final agency action, and may not be reversed by
2 any agency. In any action under chapter 7 seek-
3 ing review of such a final agency action, the
4 court may not set aside such agency action by
5 reason of that agency action having occurred
6 under this paragraph.

7 “(j) ISSUE IDENTIFICATION AND RESOLUTION.—

8 “(1) COOPERATION.—The lead agency and the
9 participating agencies shall work cooperatively in ac-
10 cordance with this section to identify and resolve
11 issues that could delay completion of the environ-
12 mental review or could result in denial of any ap-
13 provals required for the project under applicable
14 laws.

15 “(2) LEAD AGENCY RESPONSIBILITIES.—The
16 lead agency shall make information available to the
17 participating agencies as early as practicable in the
18 environmental review regarding the environmental,
19 historic, and socioeconomic resources located within
20 the project area and the general locations of the al-
21 ternatives under consideration. Such information
22 may be based on existing data sources, including ge-
23 ographic information systems mapping.

24 “(3) PARTICIPATING AGENCY RESPONSIBIL-
25 ITIES.—Based on information received from the lead

1 agency, participating agencies shall identify, as early
2 as practicable, any issues of concern regarding the
3 project's potential environmental, historic, or socio-
4 economic impacts. In this paragraph, issues of con-
5 cern include any issues that could substantially delay
6 or prevent an agency from granting a permit or
7 other approval that is needed for the project.

8 “(4) ISSUE RESOLUTION.—

9 “(A) MEETING OF PARTICIPATING AGEN-
10 CIES.—At any time upon request of a project
11 sponsor, the lead agency shall promptly convene
12 a meeting with the relevant participating agen-
13 cies and the project sponsor, to resolve issues
14 that could delay completion of the environ-
15 mental review or could result in denial of any
16 approvals required for the project under appli-
17 cable laws.

18 “(B) NOTICE THAT RESOLUTION CANNOT
19 BE ACHIEVED.—If a resolution cannot be
20 achieved within 30 days following such a meet-
21 ing and a determination by the lead agency that
22 all information necessary to resolve the issue
23 has been obtained, the lead agency shall notify
24 the heads of all participating agencies, the
25 project sponsor, and the Council on Environ-

1 mental Quality for further proceedings in ac-
2 cordance with section 204 of NEPA, and shall
3 publish such notification in the Federal Reg-
4 ister.

5 “(k) LIMITATION ON USE OF SOCIAL COST OF CAR-
6 BON.—

7 “(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any environ-
8 mental review or environmental decisionmaking
9 process, a lead agency may not use the social cost
10 of carbon.

11 “(2) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term
12 ‘social cost of carbon’ means the social cost of car-
13 bon as described in the technical support document
14 entitled ‘Technical Support Document: Technical
15 Update of the Social Cost of Carbon for Regulatory
16 Impact Analysis Under Executive Order No. 12866’,
17 published by the Interagency Working Group on So-
18 cial Cost of Carbon, United States Government, in
19 May 2013, revised in November 2013, or any suc-
20 cessor thereto or substantially related document, or
21 any other estimate of the monetized damages associ-
22 ated with an incremental increase in carbon dioxide
23 emissions in a given year.

24 “(l) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The head of each Fed-
25 eral agency shall report annually to Congress—

1 “(1) the projects for which the agency initiated
2 preparation of an environmental impact statement or
3 environmental assessment;

4 “(2) the projects for which the agency issued a
5 record of decision or finding of no significant impact
6 and the length of time it took the agency to com-
7 plete the environmental review for each such project;

8 “(3) the filing of any lawsuits against the agen-
9 cy seeking judicial review of a permit, license, or ap-
10 proval issued by the agency for an action subject to
11 NEPA, including the date the complaint was filed,
12 the court in which the complaint was filed, and a
13 summary of the claims for which judicial review was
14 sought; and

15 “(4) the resolution of any lawsuits against the
16 agency that sought judicial review of a permit, li-
17 cense, or approval issued by the agency for an action
18 subject to NEPA.

19 “(m) LIMITATIONS ON CLAIMS.—

20 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
21 provision of law, a claim arising under Federal law
22 seeking judicial review of a permit, license, or ap-
23 proval issued by a Federal agency for an action sub-
24 ject to NEPA shall be barred unless—

1 “(A) in the case of a claim pertaining to
2 a project for which an environmental review
3 was conducted and an opportunity for comment
4 was provided, the claim is filed by a party that
5 submitted a comment during the environmental
6 review on the issue on which the party seeks ju-
7 dicial review, and such comment was suffi-
8 ciently detailed to put the lead agency on notice
9 of the issue upon which the party seeks judicial
10 review; and

11 “(B) filed within 180 days after publica-
12 tion of a notice in the Federal Register an-
13 nouncing that the permit, license, or approval is
14 final pursuant to the law under which the agen-
15 cy action is taken, unless a shorter time is spec-
16 ified in the Federal law pursuant to which judi-
17 cial review is allowed.

18 “(2) NEW INFORMATION.—The preparation of
19 a supplemental environmental impact statement,
20 when required, is deemed a separate final agency ac-
21 tion and the deadline for filing a claim for judicial
22 review of such action shall be 180 days after the
23 date of publication of a notice in the Federal Reg-
24 ister announcing the record of decision for such ac-
25 tion. Any claim challenging agency action on the

1 basis of information in a supplemental environ-
2 mental impact statement shall be limited to chal-
3 lenges on the basis of that information.

4 “(3) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in
5 this subsection shall be construed to create a right
6 to judicial review or place any limit on filing a claim
7 that a person has violated the terms of a permit, li-
8 cense, or approval.

9 “(n) CATEGORIES OF PROJECTS.—The authorities
10 granted under this subchapter may be exercised for an in-
11 dividual project or a category of projects.

12 “(o) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The requirements of this
13 subchapter shall apply only to environmental reviews and
14 environmental decisionmaking processes initiated after the
15 date of enactment of this subchapter. In the case of a
16 project for which an environmental review or environ-
17 mental decisionmaking process was initiated prior to the
18 date of enactment of this subchapter, the provisions of
19 subsection (i) shall apply, except that, notwithstanding
20 any other provision of this section, in determining a dead-
21 line under such subsection, any applicable period of time
22 shall be calculated as beginning from the date of enact-
23 ment of this subchapter.

24 “(p) APPLICABILITY.—Except as provided in sub-
25 section (p), this subchapter applies, according to the provi-

1 sions thereof, to all projects for which a Federal agency
2 is required to undertake an environmental review or make
3 a decision under an environmental law for a project for
4 which a Federal agency is undertaking an environmental
5 review.

6 “(q) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this section shall
7 be construed to supersede, amend, or modify sections 134,
8 135, 139, 325, 326, and 327 of title 23, sections 5303
9 and 5304 of title 49, or subtitle C of title I of division
10 A of the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century
11 Act and the amendments made by such subtitle (Public
12 Law 112–141).”.

13 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
14 for chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code, is amended
15 by inserting after the items relating to subchapter II the
16 following:

“SUBCHAPTER IIA—INTERAGENCY COORDINATION REGARDING PERMITTING
“560. Coordination of agency administrative operations for efficient decision-
making.”.

17 (c) REGULATIONS.—

18 (1) COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY.—

19 Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment
20 of this title, the Council on Environmental Quality
21 shall amend the regulations contained in part 1500
22 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, to imple-
23 ment the provisions of this title and the amendments

1 made by this title, and shall by rule designate States
2 with laws and procedures that satisfy the criteria
3 under section 560(d)(2)(A) of title 5, United States
4 Code.

5 (2) FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Not later than 120
6 days after the date that the Council on Environ-
7 mental Quality amends the regulations contained in
8 part 1500 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations,
9 to implement the provisions of this title and the
10 amendments made by this title, each Federal agency
11 with regulations implementing the National Environ-
12 mental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.)
13 shall amend such regulations to implement the pro-
14 visions of this subchapter.

Passed the House of Representatives March 6,
2014.

Attest:

Clerk.

113TH CONGRESS
2^D SESSION

H. R. 2641

AN ACT

To provide for improved coordination of agency actions in the preparation and adoption of environmental documents for permitting determinations, and for other purposes.