

One Hundred Third Congress
of the
United States of America

AT THE SECOND SESSION

*Begun and held at the City of Washington on Tuesday,
the twenty-fifth day of January, one thousand nine hundred and ninety-four*

An Act

To resolve the 107th meridian boundary dispute between the Crow Indian Tribe
and the United States.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of
the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Crow Boundary Settlement
Act of 1994”.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

(1) Under the treaty between the United States of America
and the Crow Tribe of Indians concluded May 7, 1868 (com-
monly known as the “Fort Laramie Treaty of 1868”; 15 Stat.
649), the eastern boundary of the Crow Indian Reservation
was established as the 107th meridian for approximately 90
miles from the Yellowstone River to the boundary between
Montana and Wyoming.

(2) Under Executive orders issued in 1884 and 1900, the
western boundary of the Northern Cheyenne Reservation was
established as the 107th meridian. The 107th meridian was
intended to be the common boundary between the Crow Res-
ervation and Northern Cheyenne Reservation for approximately
25 miles.

(3) From 1889 through 1891, a survey was conducted of
the eastern boundary of the Crow Reservation. The 1891 survey
line strayed to the west, and resulted in the exclusion from
the Crow Indian Reservation of a strip of land of approximately
36,164 acres. Approximately 12,964 acres of such strip of land
were included in the Northern Cheyenne Reservation. Deposits
of low sulphur coal underlie the land excluded from the Crow
Indian Reservation, including the land included in the Northern
Cheyenne Indian Reservation.

(4)(A) The erroneous nature of the survey was not discov-
ered for several decades. Meanwhile, the areas along the 107th
meridian to the north and south of the Northern Cheyenne
Indian Reservation were opened to settlement in the late nine-
teenth century and early part of the twentieth century. Patents
were issued to non-Indian persons and to the State of Montana
for most of the surface land and a significant portion of the
minerals in these areas between the 107th meridian and the
1891 survey line.

(B) The 12,964 acres included in the Northern Cheyenne
Reservation have been treated as part of the Northern Chey-

enne Reservation and occupied by the Northern Cheyenne Tribe and the Northern Cheyenne allottees, and their successors in interest.

(5) Legislation to resolve the 107th meridian boundary dispute was introduced in Congress in the 1960's and 1970's, and again in 1992, but no such legislation was enacted into law.

(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this Act is to settle the 107th meridian boundary dispute created by the erroneous survey of the eastern boundary of the Crow Indian Reservation made by the Federal Government described in subsection (a)(3).

SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

As used in this Act:

(1) CROW TRIBE.—The term “Crow Tribe” means the Crow Tribe of Indians, the duly recognized governing body of the Crow Indian Reservation.

(2) DISPUTED AREA.—The term “disputed area” means the approximately 36,164 acres of land, including the minerals, located between the 107th meridian on the east and the 1891 survey line on the west from the Yellowstone River on the north to the boundary between the State of Wyoming and the State of Montana on the south.

(3) 1891 SURVEY.—The term “1891 survey” means the survey of the eastern boundary of the Crow Reservation conducted by the United States Government from 1889 through 1891.

(4) 1891 SURVEY LINE.—The term “1891 survey line” means the erroneous boundary line resulting from the survey of the 107th meridian which was completed in 1891.

(5) NORTHERN CHEYENNE TRIBE.—The term “Northern Cheyenne Tribe” means the Northern Cheyenne Tribe of Indians, with the Northern Cheyenne Tribal Council as the duly recognized governing body of the Northern Cheyenne Indian Reservation.

(6) 107TH MERIDIAN BOUNDARY DISPUTE.—The term “107th meridian boundary dispute” means the dispute resulting from the disparity between the location of the 107th meridian and the location of the 1891 survey line.

(7) 107TH MERIDIAN ESCROW FUND.—The term “107th meridian escrow fund” means the revenues that arise from, or are derived from, parcel number 2, including all accrued interest on such revenues, which are held by the Bureau of Indian Affairs in an escrow account as of the date of enactment of this Act.

(8) PARCEL NUMBER 1.—The term “parcel number 1” means the area, encompassing approximately 11,317 acres, bounded on the south by the Montana-Wyoming border, on the east by the 107th meridian, on the north by the extension to the west of the southern boundary of the Northern Cheyenne Indian Reservation, and on the west by the 1891 survey line.

(9) PARCEL NUMBER 2.—The term “parcel number 2” means the area, encompassing approximately 12,964 acres, bounded on the south by the extension to the west of the southern boundary of the Northern Cheyenne Indian Reservation, on the east by the 107th meridian, on the north by the extension to the west of the northern boundary of the Northern Cheyenne Indian Reservation, and on the west by the 1891 survey line.

(10) PARCEL NUMBER 3.—The term “parcel number 3” means the area, encompassing approximately 2,469 acres, bounded on the south by the extension to the west of the northern boundary of the Northern Cheyenne Indian Reservation, on the east by the 107th meridian, on the north by the northern boundary of the Crow Indian Reservation, and on the west by the 1891 survey line.

(11) PARCEL NUMBER 4.—The term “parcel number 4” means the area, encompassing approximately 9,415 acres, bounded on the south by the northern boundary of the Crow Indian Reservation, on the east by the 107th meridian, on the north by the midpoint of the Yellowstone River, and on the west by the 1891 survey line.

(12) PUBLIC LANDS.—The term “public lands” means any land or interest in land owned by the United States (without regard to the means by which the United States acquired ownership of the land or interest in land) and administered by the Secretary through the Bureau of Land Management.

(13) ROYALTIES RECEIVED AND RETAINED BY THE UNITED STATES.—The term “royalties received and retained by the United States” means the royalties derived from minerals owned by the United States that the United States retains after all payments from the royalties have been made to the State of Montana or any unit of local government of the State of Montana.

(14) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior.

(15) SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.—The term “Settlement Agreement” means the agreement between the Secretary, on behalf of the United States and the Crow Tribe, that provides for the resolution of all claims held by the Crow Tribe arising from the 107th meridian boundary dispute.

(16) UNDISPOSED OF COAL.—The term “undisposed of coal” means coal that has not been conveyed to private parties or to the State of Montana by the United States.

(17) UNDISPOSED OF SURFACE LANDS.—The term “undisposed of surface lands” means surface land that has not been conveyed to private parties or to the State of Montana by the United States.

(18) UNDISPOSED OF OIL, GAS, COAL METHANE, OR OTHER MINERALS.—The term “undisposed of oil, gas, coal methane, or other minerals” means oil, gas, coal methane, or other minerals (excluding coal) that have not been conveyed to private parties or to the State of Montana by the United States.

SEC. 4. SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.

(a) EXECUTION OF THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.—Subject to the terms and conditions of this Act, the Secretary shall enter into the Settlement Agreement with the Crow Tribe.

(b) RATIFICATION OF THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.—Subject to the conditions set forth in section 9(a), the United States hereby approves, ratifies, and confirms the Settlement Agreement, to the extent that such Settlement Agreement does not conflict with this Act.

(c) MODIFICATION OF THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.—The terms and conditions of the Settlement Agreement may be modified by

mutual agreement of the Crow Tribe and the Secretary if such modification—

(1) is not inconsistent with this Act; and

(2) does not diminish or impair any right or benefit secured to the Northern Cheyenne Tribe, the Northern Cheyenne allottees, or their successors in interest by or pursuant to any provision of this Act.

(d) ENFORCEMENT OF THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Settlement Agreement shall be subject to the enforcement provisions under chapter 7 of title 5, United States Code.

(2) ADDITIONAL ENFORCEMENT.—If, with respect to the enforcement of the Settlement Agreement, the remedies available under the provisions referred to in paragraph (1) do not provide adequate or complete relief, the Settlement Agreement shall be subject to the enforcement provisions under section 1505 of title 28, United States Code.

SEC. 5. SETTLEMENT TERMS AND CONDITIONS AND EXTINGUISHMENT OF CLAIMS.

(a) PROPERTY WITHIN PARCEL NUMBER 1.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—With respect to the property within parcel number 1, the following provisions shall apply:

(A) The boundary of the Crow Indian Reservation shall be the 107th meridian.

(B) Title to the undisposed of coal of such parcel shall be vested in the United States in trust for the sole use and benefit of the Crow Tribe and shall be recognized as part of the Crow Indian Reservation.

(C) Title to the undisposed of surface lands of such parcel shall be vested in the United States in trust for the sole use and benefit of the Crow Tribe and shall be recognized as part of the Crow Indian Reservation.

(D) Title to the undisposed of oil, gas, coal methane, or other minerals of such parcel shall be vested in the United States in trust for the sole use and benefit of the Crow Tribe and shall be recognized as part of the Crow Indian Reservation.

(2) PROHIBITION.—Nothing in this Act or the Settlement Agreement may alter, diminish, disturb, or cause to be divested any right, title, or interest of any person or entity in any land, coal, oil, gas, coal methane, or mineral within parcel number 1 that is based on the 1891 survey line, except for the specific rights that are vested in the United States for the sole use and benefit of the Crow Tribe pursuant to subparagraphs (B) through (D) of paragraph (1).

(3) WAIVERS AND RELEASES.—The following waivers and releases shall be included in the Settlement Agreement:

(A) A disclaimer and relinquishment by the Crow Tribe of all right, title, claim, or interest in all the land and minerals within parcel number 1, except for the rights, titles, and interests recognized as beneficially owned by the Crow Tribe and as part of the Crow Indian Reservation in subparagraphs (B) through (D) of paragraph (1).

(B) A release by the Crow Tribe of all persons and entities, including the United States, from any liability

H. R. 5200—5

arising from, or related to, the 1891 survey and the subsequent occupancy and use of parcel number 1.

(b) PROPERTY WITHIN PARCEL NUMBER 2.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—With respect to the property within parcel number 2, the following provisions shall apply:

(A) The boundary between the Crow and Northern Cheyenne Indian Reservations shall be the 1891 survey line.

(B) All surface lands and minerals of such parcel shall constitute part of the Northern Cheyenne Reservation.

(C) All surface lands, including all rights appurtenant to the surface lands, of such parcel shall be vested in the United States in trust for the sole use and benefit of the Northern Cheyenne Tribe, except that surface lands that have been allotted shall be recognized as held in trust for, or owned in fee by (as the case may be), the Northern Cheyenne allottees or their successors in interest.

(D) The oil, gas, coal, coal methane, and other minerals, including all rights appurtenant to such minerals, of such parcel shall be vested in the United States in trust for the sole use and benefit of the Northern Cheyenne Tribe.

(2) WAIVERS AND RELEASES.—The following waivers and releases shall be included in the Settlement Agreement:

(A) A disclaimer and relinquishment by the Crow Tribe of all right, jurisdiction, title, claim, or interest in the lands and minerals within parcel number 2, including all rights appurtenant to such land and minerals.

(B) A release by the Crow Tribe of all persons and entities, including the United States, the Northern Cheyenne Tribe, the Northern Cheyenne allottees and their successors in interest, from any liability arising from, or related to, the 1891 survey and the subsequent occupancy and use of parcel number 2.

(3) ENFORCEMENT.—The provisions of subsection (b) may be enforced, in law or in equity, by the Northern Cheyenne Tribe, Northern Cheyenne allottees, and their successors in interest, in accordance with their respective interests.

(c) PROPERTY WITHIN PARCEL NUMBER 3 AND PARCEL NUMBER 4.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—With respect to the property within parcel number 3 and parcel number 4, the boundary of the Crow Indian Reservation shall be the 1891 survey line.

(2) PROHIBITION.—Nothing in this Act or the Settlement Agreement may alter, diminish, disturb, or cause to be divested any right, title, or interest of any person or entity in any land, coal, or mineral within parcel number 3 or parcel number 4 that is based on the 1891 survey line.

(3) WAIVERS AND RELEASES.—The following waivers and releases shall be included in the Settlement Agreement:

(A) A disclaimer and relinquishment by the Crow Tribe of all right, jurisdiction, title, claim, or interest in the lands and minerals situated within parcel number 3 and parcel number 4.

(B) A release by the Crow Tribe of all persons and entities, including the United States, from any liability arising from, or related to, the 1891 survey and the subse-

quent occupancy and use of parcel number 3 and parcel number 4.

(d) EXCHANGE OF PUBLIC LANDS.—With respect to the land exchanges with the State of Montana and private landowners made under this Act the following provisions shall apply:

(1) IN GENERAL.—(A) The Secretary shall negotiate with the State of Montana for the purpose of exchanging public lands within the State of Montana for State trust lands within the Crow Reservation having a total value substantially equal to the value of the surface estate of the approximately 46,625 acres of State trust lands obtained by the State of Montana pursuant to the Act of February 22, 1889 (commonly known as the “Montana Enabling Act”; 25 Stat. 676, chapter 180), and the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the allotment of lands of the Crow Tribe for the distribution of tribal funds and for other purposes” approved June 4, 1920 (commonly known as the “Crow Allotment Act”; 41 Stat. 751, chapter 224) within the Crow Indian Reservation and the disputed area.

(B) The exchange described in subparagraph (A) shall be in accordance with the exchange procedures set forth in section 206 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1716).

(C) In determining the fair market value of the lands described in subparagraph (A), the parties to the exchange shall give due consideration to the value of improvements on the lands.

(D) The Secretary shall ensure that lands exchanged pursuant to this paragraph as part of the settlement of the 107th Meridian boundary dispute made pursuant to this Act shall be selected in such manner that the financial impact on local governments, if any, will be minimized.

(E) The Secretary shall provide such financial or other assistance to the State of Montana and to the Crow Tribe as may be necessary to obtain the appraisals, and to satisfy administrative requirements, necessary to accomplish the exchanges made pursuant to subparagraph (A).

(F) Upon approving an exchange made pursuant to this paragraph, the Secretary shall—

(i) receive title to the State trust lands involved in the exchange on behalf of the United States; and

(ii) transfer title to the public lands disposed of pursuant to the exchanges with the State of Montana by such means of conveyance as the Secretary considers appropriate.

(G) Title to the State trust lands acquired pursuant to the exchanges made with the State of Montana pursuant to this paragraph shall be vested in the United States in trust for the sole use and benefit of the Crow Tribe and shall be recognized as part of the Crow Indian Reservation.

(2) REQUIREMENT FOR EXCHANGES.—(A) In carrying out the exchanges with the State of Montana pursuant to paragraph (1), the Secretary shall, during a period of at least 5 years beginning on the date on which the Settlement Agreement becomes effective, give first priority to the exchange of public lands within the State of Montana for State trust lands owned

by the State of Montana as of the date of the enactment of this Act.

(B) Subject to subparagraph (C), if, for any reason, after the expiration of the period specified in subparagraph (A), the exchanges of the State trust lands identified in paragraph (1) have not provided the Crow Tribe with a total of 46,625 acres of surface lands within the boundaries of the existing Crow Indian Reservation (including parcel number 1), the Secretary shall, at the request of, and in cooperation with, the Crow Tribe, develop and implement a program to provide the Crow Tribe with additional land within the Crow Indian Reservation (including parcel number 1) through land exchanges with private landowners.

(C) The total value of—

(i) the value of the lands exchanged and acquired for the Crow Tribe pursuant to paragraph (1), and

(ii) the value of the lands exchanged and acquired for the Crow Tribe pursuant to this paragraph, shall not exceed the value of the surface estate of the 46,625 acres of land identified in paragraph (1)(A).

(D) In carrying out a program developed pursuant to this paragraph, the Secretary may exchange public lands within the State of Montana for private lands of substantially equal value within the boundaries of the existing Crow Indian Reservation in accordance with section 206 of the Federal Land Policy Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1716).

(E) In determining the fair market value of the lands described in subparagraph (D), the parties to an exchange made pursuant to subparagraph (D) shall give due consideration to the value of improvements on the lands.

(F) If the Secretary obtains private lands pursuant to subparagraph (D), the Secretary shall transfer title to such lands to the Crow Tribe.

(G) Title to any private or public lands transferred to the Crow Tribe pursuant to this paragraph shall—

(i) be vested in the United States in trust for the sole use and benefit of the Crow Tribe; and

(ii) be recognized as part of the Crow Indian Reservation, if such lands are located within the boundaries of the Crow Indian Reservation.

(H) The Crow Tribe shall assist in obtaining prospective willing parties to exchange private lands within the Crow Indian Reservation for public lands within the State of Montana pursuant to this paragraph.

(e) CROW TRIBAL TRUST FUND.—The Settlement Agreement shall include provisions governing the distribution of interest income to the Crow Tribe from the Crow Tribal Trust Fund pursuant to the terms and conditions described in section 6.

SEC. 6. ESTABLISHMENT AND ADMINISTRATION OF CROW TRIBAL TRUST FUND.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF CROW TRIBAL TRUST FUND.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—There is established in the Treasury of the United States a trust fund to be known as the “Crow Tribal Trust Fund”.

(2) AVAILABILITY OF AMOUNTS IN THE CROW TRIBAL TRUST FUND.—Amounts in the Crow Tribal Trust Fund shall be avail-

H. R. 5200—8

able, without fiscal year limitation, to the Secretary for distribution to the Crow Tribe in accordance with subsection (d).

(b) CONTRIBUTIONS TO CROW TRIBAL TRUST FUND.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2) and the requirements of section 10—

(A) on or before November 30, 1994, the Secretary of the Treasury shall deposit into the Crow Tribal Trust Fund an amount equal to the amounts of royalties received and retained by the United States during fiscal year 1994 from the East Decker, West Decker, and Spring Creek coal mines; and

(B) commencing with fiscal year 1995 and for such period thereafter as may be necessary, the Secretary and the Secretary of the Treasury shall make necessary and proper arrangements for the monthly payment, transfer, or deposit (or any combination thereof) into the Crow Tribal Trust Fund of the royalties received and retained by the United States for the immediately preceding month from the East Decker, West Decker, and Spring Creek coal mines in the State of Montana for the life of such mines, including any extensions of the existing leases for such mines and any expansions of such mines to nearby and adjacent federally owned coal deposits, as specified in the Settlement Agreement.

(2) AMOUNT OF ROYALTIES.—The total amount of royalties described in paragraph (1) that are paid, transferred, or deposited into the Crow Tribal Trust Fund shall not exceed, in the aggregate, \$85,000,000, excluding—

(A) any interest earned on moneys in the Crow Tribal Trust Fund; and

(B) the funds transferred to the Suspension Accounts pursuant to section 10.

(3) PAYMENTS OF ROYALTIES RECEIVED AND RETAINED BY THE UNITED STATES.—Subject to paragraph (2) and the requirements of section 10, the royalties received and retained by the United States from the East Decker, West Decker, and Spring Creek coal mines shall be paid, transferred or deposited into the Crow Tribal Trust Fund not later than 30 days after the date on which the royalties are due and paid.

(4) ADDITIONAL PAYMENTS.—The Federal Government shall make payments, in addition to the payments referred to in paragraph (3), from the royalties received and retained by the United States from other coal mines within the State of Montana into the Crow Tribal Trust Fund in an amount equal to any lost interest income (as determined by the Secretary), if any portion of the sums described in paragraph (3) are not paid, transferred or deposited into the Crow Tribal Trust Fund within the 30-day period prescribed in paragraph (3).

(c) INVESTMENT.—At the request of the Secretary, the Secretary of the Treasury shall invest all sums deposited into, accruing to, and remaining in, the Crow Tribal Trust Fund in accordance with the Act of February 12, 1929 (45 Stat. 1164, chapter 178; 25 U.S.C. 161a).

(d) DISTRIBUTION OF INTEREST.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Only the interest received on funds in the Crow Tribal Trust Fund shall be available for distribution by the Secretary to the Crow Tribe for use for education,

land acquisition, economic development, youth and elderly programs or other tribal purposes in accordance with plans and budgets developed and approved by the Crow Tribe and approved by the Secretary.

(2) REQUIREMENTS FOR DISTRIBUTION OF INTEREST.—Commencing with fiscal year 1996 and for each fiscal year thereafter, without fiscal year limitation, the interest received on monies in the Crow Tribal Trust Fund shall be available for distribution under this subsection only if—

(A) the United States and the Crow Tribe enter into the Settlement Agreement; and

(B) the requirements of section 9 relating to the approval and execution of the Settlement Agreement are satisfied.

(3) PROHIBITION.—No portion of the Crow Tribal Trust Fund or the interest earned on the Crow Tribal Trust Fund may be distributed to members of the Crow Tribe on a per capita basis.

(e) USE OF INTEREST FOR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Crow Tribe may, subject to approval by the Secretary, assign the right of the Crow Tribe to the interest earned on monies in the Crow Tribal Trust Fund to a third party in connection with loans made for economic development projects on or near the Crow Indian Reservation.

(f) LIMITATION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no portion of the principal of the Crow Tribal Trust Fund shall be available for withdrawal or disbursement or used for any purpose other than the purposes specified in this section and section 10.

SEC. 7. ELIGIBILITY FOR OTHER FEDERAL SERVICES.

No payments made or benefits conferred pursuant to this Act shall result in the reduction or denial of any Federal services or programs to any tribe or to any member of a tribe to which the tribe or member of the tribe is entitled or eligible because of the status of the tribe as a federally recognized Indian tribe or the status of a member of such tribe as a member.

SEC. 8. EXCHANGES OF LAND OR MINERALS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) Subject to approval by the Secretary, the Crow Tribe may exchange any land or minerals to which its title is recognized in or obtained pursuant to this Act for other land or minerals of substantially equivalent value within the Crow Indian Reservation (including parcel number 1).

(2) Lands or minerals received by the Crow Tribe in any exchange made pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be—

(A) vested in the United States in trust for the sole use and benefit of the Crow Tribe; and

(B) recognized as part of the Crow Indian Reservation.

(b) OWNERSHIP BY NON-INDIANS.—Any land or minerals received by a person who is not an Indian in an exchange referred to in subsection (a) shall be owned in fee.

SEC. 9. APPLICABILITY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Act shall take effect upon the occurrence of the following conditions:

(1) The Settlement Agreement is approved and executed by the Secretary.

(2) The Settlement Agreement is approved and executed by the Crow Tribe.

(3) The Settlement Agreement and the releases and waivers required by section 5 are approved and duly executed by the Crow Tribe in accordance with the requirements and procedures set forth in the constitution of the Crow Tribe.

(4) The Settlement Agreement becomes effective in accordance with the terms and conditions specified in the Settlement Agreement.

(b) APPROVAL OF RELEASES AND WAIVERS.—The United States hereby approves and confirms the releases and waivers required by section 5.

SEC. 10. ESCROW FUNDS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall make distributions from the 107th meridian escrow fund as follows:

(1) One-half of the fund shall be distributed to the Crow Tribe.

(2) One-half of the fund shall be distributed to the Northern Cheyenne Tribe.

(3) The receipt and acceptance by a tribe of funds distributed under this section shall be deemed to be—

(A) a disclaimer, relinquishment and waiver by such tribe of all right, claim or interest in the 107th meridian escrow fund; and

(B) a release by such tribe of all persons and entities, including the United States, from any liability arising from, or related to, the establishment and administration of the 107th meridian escrow fund.

(b) ESTABLISHMENT OF SUSPENSION ACCOUNTS.—As soon as practicable after the Settlement Agreement is executed and approved pursuant to this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall establish in the Treasury of the United States two interest bearing accounts to be known respectively as the “Crow Tribal Suspension Account” and the “Northern Cheyenne Tribal Suspension Account” (collectively referred to in this subsection as the “Suspension Accounts”), consisting of—

(1) such amounts as are transferred to the Suspension Accounts under subsection (c); and

(2) any interest earned on investments of amounts in the Suspension Accounts under subsection (e).

(c) CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE SUSPENSION ACCOUNTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Beginning with fiscal year 1995, and ending on the date on which the total amount deposited pursuant to this subsection into the Suspension Accounts is equal to \$200,000 for each such account (as specified in subsection (d)), the Secretary and the Secretary of the Treasury shall make necessary and proper arrangements for the monthly payment, transfer, or deposit (or any combination thereof) into each of the Suspension Accounts of an amount equal to one-half of the royalties received and retained by the United States for the immediately preceding month, as determined in accordance with section 6(b)(1), by the date specified under section 6(b)(3).

(2) SUBSEQUENT DEPOSITS.—At such time as the amount deposited pursuant to this subsection into the Suspension

Accounts is equal to \$200,000 for each such account (as specified in subsection (d)), in accordance with section 6(b)(1), the Secretary and the Secretary of the Treasury shall thereafter deposit any remaining amounts determined under section 6(b)(1) in the Crow Tribal Trust Fund established under section 6(a).

(d) **LIMITATION.**—The Secretary and the Secretary of the Treasury shall not transfer more than a total amount equal to \$200,000 to each of the Suspension Accounts from the amounts determined under section 6(b)(1).

(e) **INVESTMENT.**—All sums deposited in, accruing to and remaining in the Suspension Accounts shall be invested by the Secretary and the Secretary of the Treasury in interest bearing deposits and securities in accordance with the Act of June 24, 1938 (52 Stat. 1037, chapter 648; 25 U.S.C. 162a).

(f) **WITHDRAWALS AND TERMINATION.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—(A) Beginning on the date that is 5 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Crow Tribe and the Northern Cheyenne Tribe may each submit a duly authorized request to the Secretary for the withdrawal of all of the funds from the Suspension Account of the tribe established under subsection (b).

(B) Not later than 60 days after receiving a request for the distribution of funds from a Suspension Account made by a tribe under subparagraph (A)—

(i) the Secretary shall, in cooperation with the Secretary of the Treasury, withdraw and distribute such funds in accordance with such request; and

(ii) the Secretary of the Treasury shall terminate the Suspension Account.

(2) **OTHER MEANS OF TERMINATION.**—With respect to a Suspension Account established under subsection (b) that is not terminated pursuant to paragraph (1), at such time as the corpus and the accrued interest of the Suspension Account of the Crow Tribe or the Northern Cheyenne Tribe is approximately equal to the amount specified in paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a), the Secretary of the Treasury shall terminate the Suspension Account and the Secretary of the Interior shall distribute the funds from the Suspension Account to the tribe.

SEC. 11. FORT LARAMIE TREATY OF 1868.

Except for the adjustment to the eastern boundary of the Crow Indian Reservation, nothing in this Act or in the Settlement Agreement shall affect or modify the terms and conditions of the treaty between the United States of America and the Crow Tribe of Indians concluded May 7, 1868 (commonly known as the “Fort Laramie Treaty of 1868”; 15 Stat. 649).

SEC. 12. SATISFACTION OF CLAIMS.

The benefits available to the Crow Tribe under the terms and conditions of this Act and the Settlement Agreement shall constitute full and complete satisfaction of all claims by the Crow Tribe and the members of the Crow Tribe arising from or related to the erroneous survey of the 107th meridian described in section 2(a)(3).

H. R. 5200—12

SEC. 13. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of the Interior such sums as are necessary to carry out this Act.

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

*Vice President of the United States and
President of the Senate.*