

103<sup>D</sup> CONGRESS  
1<sup>ST</sup> SESSION

# H. R. 2479

To amend the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 to establish an entitlement of States and certain political subdivisions of States to receive grants from the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development for the abatement of health hazards associated with lead-based paint, and to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to impose an excise tax and establish a trust fund to satisfy the Federal obligations arising from such entitlement.

---

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 22, 1993

Mr. CARDIN (for himself, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. TOWNS, Mrs. SCHROEDER, Mr. WAXMAN, and Mr. MFUME) introduced the following bill; which was referred jointly to the Committees on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs and Ways and Means

NOVEMBER 10, 1993

Additional sponsors: Ms. PELOSI, Mr. DELLUMS, Mr. HINCHEY, Mrs. UNSOELD, Ms. NORTON, Mr. OWENS, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. GUTIERREZ, Mr. STOKES, Mr. YATES, Mr. BACCHUS of Florida, Mr. STARK, Mr. MILLER of California, Mr. VELÁZQUEZ, Mr. FOGLIETTA, Mr. ACKERMAN, Mr. TUCKER, Mr. VENTO, Mr. WYNN, Mr. RUSH, and Mr. BERMAN

---

## A BILL

To amend the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 to establish an entitlement of States and certain political subdivisions of States to receive grants from the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development for the abatement of health hazards associated with lead-based paint, and to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to impose an excise tax and establish

a trust fund to satisfy the Federal obligations arising from such entitlement.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Lead-Based Paint  
5 Hazard Abatement Trust Fund Act of 1993”.

6 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.**

7 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

8 (1) deteriorating lead-based paint is currently  
9 the principal source of moderate to high lead expo-  
10 sures for American children;

11 (2) such exposures significantly impair intellec-  
12 tual abilities, reading skills, attention span, and edu-  
13 cational attainment, and cause other adverse effects;

14 (3) millions of low- and moderate-income dwell-  
15 ings contain serious lead-based paint hazards, in-  
16 cluding high levels of lead in surface dust, chipping  
17 or peeling lead-based paint, and lead-based paint on  
18 surfaces subject to mouthing by children or wear by  
19 friction;

20 (4) the cost of abating such hazards in owner-  
21 occupied homes typically exceeds the financial re-  
22 sources available to low-income homeowners;

23 (5) the cost of abating lead-based paint hazards  
24 in low-income rental housing far exceeds existing re-

1 sources available for such housing and such hazards  
2 will severely limit the supply of inhabitable afford-  
3 able housing unless assistance is provided for abate-  
4 ment;

5 (6) the cost of abating lead-based paint hazards  
6 in child care facilities far exceeds existing resources  
7 available for such facilities and such hazards will se-  
8 verely limit the supply of safe and affordable child  
9 care unless assistance is provided for abatement;

10 (7) State and local governments lack adequate  
11 resources to finance lead-based paint hazard reduc-  
12 tion needs;

13 (8) although the Residential Lead-Based Paint  
14 Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 and other Federal  
15 statutes establish an appropriate framework for reg-  
16 ulation of lead-hazard evaluation and reduction ac-  
17 tivities and programs, there remains an urgent need  
18 for additional funding for abating lead-based paint  
19 hazards in both rental and owner-occupied low-in-  
20 come housing and child care centers; and

21 (9) a dedicated source of funding for lead-based  
22 paint hazard reduction is needed to provide continu-  
23 ity of abatement programs during the next decade,  
24 particularly because of the substantial immediate

1 and medium-term fiscal obligations of the Federal  
2 Government.

3 (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this Act are—

4 (1) to provide consistent and adequate funding  
5 for abatement of serious lead-based paint hazards in  
6 low-income housing and child care centers;

7 (2) to ensure that abatements conducted using  
8 amounts provided pursuant to this Act are safe and  
9 cost-effective; and

10 (3) to enhance the supply of affordable, lead-  
11 safe housing and child care centers in the United  
12 States.

13 **SEC. 3. ENTITLEMENT PROGRAM OF FORMULA GRANTS**  
14 **FOR ABATEMENT OF LEAD-BASED PAINT HAZ-**  
15 **ARDS.**

16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title X of the Housing and Com-  
17 munity Development Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 4851 et seq.)  
18 is amended—

19 (1) by redesignating section 1061 as section  
20 1081;

21 (2) by redesignating subtitle E as subtitle F;  
22 and

23 (3) by inserting after section 1056 the following  
24 new subtitle:

1 **“Subtitle E—Entitlement Program**  
2 **for Formula Grants for Lead-**  
3 **Based Paint Hazard Reduction**

4 **“SEC. 1061. ALLOTMENTS FOR STATES AND CERTAIN POLIT-**  
5 **ICAL SUBDIVISIONS.**

6 “(a) IN GENERAL.—

7 “(1) STANDARD ALLOTMENTS.—The Secretary  
8 of Housing and Urban Development shall, for fiscal  
9 year 1994 and each subsequent fiscal year, make a  
10 standard allotment for each eligible public entity in  
11 the amount determined in accordance with section  
12 1069(b).

13 “(2) TOTAL ALLOTMENTS.—The Secretary  
14 shall, for each of such years, make a total allotment  
15 for each eligible public entity for which the amount  
16 of the standard allotment for such entity for the  
17 year exceeds \$250,000. The amount of the total al-  
18 lotment shall be determined in accordance with sec-  
19 tion 1069(a).

20 “(3) GRANTS.—For the purposes described in  
21 section 1064, in each of such fiscal years, the Sec-  
22 retary shall make a grant, from amounts in the  
23 Lead Abatement Trust Fund established in section  
24 9512 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, to each  
25 eligible public entity for which a total allotment is

1 made of the total allotment made for the entity for  
2 such year.

3 “(4) INELIGIBILITY BECAUSE OF INSUFFICIENT  
4 STANDARD ALLOTMENT.—If the amount of the  
5 standard allotment for an eligible public entity is  
6 equal to or less than \$250,000, the entity shall not  
7 receive a grant under this section for the fiscal year  
8 and the standard allotment for the entity shall be  
9 terminated for the fiscal year.

10 “(b) ELIGIBLE PUBLIC ENTITIES.—For purposes of  
11 this subtitle, the term ‘eligible public entity’ means any  
12 public entity that—

13 “(1) submits to the Secretary for the fiscal year  
14 involved a plan in accordance with section 1067(a)  
15 that is approved by the Secretary under section  
16 1067(b);

17 “(2) is—

18 “(A) a State;

19 “(B) a city that has a population of  
20 100,000 or more individuals;

21 “(C) an urban county (excluding the popu-  
22 lation of any such city therein that has so sub-  
23 mitted such a plan); or

1           “(D) a consortium of smaller communities  
2           that are not entities described in subparagraph  
3           (A), (B), or (C) that—

4                   “(i) submits the plan under section  
5                   1067(a) as a consortium; and

6                   “(ii) meets such other requirements as  
7                   the Secretary may establish;

8           “(3) has an authorized program under section  
9           404 of the Toxic Substances Control Act, or is lo-  
10          cated in a State that has such a program;

11          “(4) has submitted to the Secretary a com-  
12          prehensive housing affordability strategy under sec-  
13          tion 105 of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Afford-  
14          able Housing Act that includes the information re-  
15          quired by section 105(b)(16) of such Act (as added  
16          by section 1014 of the Housing and Community De-  
17          velopment Act of 1992, Public Law 102–550, relat-  
18          ing to information on lead-based paint hazards) and  
19          has not had such strategy disapproved for the year  
20          involved because of failure to provide sufficient in-  
21          formation under such section 105(b)(16); and

22          “(5) for any public entity that is a city or  
23          urban county, has in effect, for the entire jurisdic-  
24          tion of the public entity, local lead-based paint laws.

1 **“SEC. 1062. LEAD ABATEMENT TRUST FUND; ENTITLEMENT**  
2 **STATUS OF GRANTS.**

3 “(a) TRUST FUND.—The Secretary shall make  
4 grants under section 1061 only from amounts in the Lead  
5 Abatement Trust Fund established in section 9512 of the  
6 Internal Revenue Code of 1986. Any amounts in the Fund  
7 on October 1 of a fiscal year that remain after amounts  
8 are reserved pursuant to section 1072 shall be allotted for  
9 the grants in accordance with section 1061. Any amounts  
10 credited to the Fund during the period of such fiscal year  
11 occurring after October 1 shall not be available for allot-  
12 ment during such period.

13 “(b) ENTITLEMENT STATUS.—

14 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (c),  
15 each eligible public entity is entitled to payment of  
16 the grant required by section 1061 for fiscal year  
17 1994 and each subsequent fiscal year.

18 “(2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Paragraph (1)  
19 may not be construed to establish, with respect to  
20 this section, an entitlement of any individual to have  
21 carried out on behalf of the individual any activity  
22 authorized in section 1064.

23 “(c) LIMITATIONS.—An entitlement is established  
24 pursuant to section 1061 for a fiscal year for an eligible  
25 public entity—

1           “(1) only to the extent that there are amounts  
2           in the Fund and only to the extent of the amount  
3           of the total allotment made under such section for  
4           the entity;

5           “(2) only to the extent of the Federal payments  
6           corresponding to the amount of non-Federal con-  
7           tributions made by the entity under section 1063;

8           “(3) only if section 1061(a)(4) has not termi-  
9           nated the standard allotment for the entity; and

10           “(4) only if subsection (d) has not terminated  
11           the availability of the grant made from the total al-  
12           lotment.

13           “(d) AVAILABILITY OF GRANT.—With respect to the  
14           24-month period beginning on the date on which a grant  
15           under section 1061 for a fiscal year becomes available to  
16           an eligible public entity, any portion of the grant that is  
17           not obligated by the entity before the expiration of such  
18           period shall lapse into the Fund and be available for  
19           grants under such subsection for the following fiscal year.

20           **“SEC. 1063. REQUIREMENT OF MATCHING FUNDS.**

21           “(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may not make a  
22           grant under section 1061 for a fiscal year to an eligible  
23           public entity unless the public entity agrees, with respect  
24           to the costs of the program to be carried out in such year  
25           by the entity pursuant to such section, to make available

1 (directly or through donations from public or private enti-  
2 ties) non-Federal contributions toward such costs in an  
3 amount that is not less than 10 percent of such costs.

4 “(b) DETERMINATION OF AMOUNT OF NON-FED-  
5 ERAL CONTRIBUTION.—Non-Federal contributions re-  
6 quired in subsection (a) may be in cash or in kind, fairly  
7 evaluated, including plant, equipment, or services.  
8 Amounts provided by the Federal Government, or services  
9 assisted or subsidized to any significant extent by the Fed-  
10 eral Government, may not be included in determining the  
11 amount of such non-Federal contributions.

12 **“SEC. 1064. USE OF GRANTS.**

13 “(a) IN GENERAL.—Grant amounts under section  
14 1061 may be used—

15 “(1) to perform risk assessments and inspec-  
16 tions in eligible facilities;

17 “(2) to provide for the abatement of lead-based  
18 paint hazards in eligible facilities;

19 “(3) to provide for the additional cost of abate-  
20 ment of lead-based paint hazards in eligible facilities  
21 undergoing renovation funded by other sources;

22 “(4) with respect to common areas in residen-  
23 tial structures containing eligible residential units  
24 and dwelling units that are not eligible residential  
25 units, to perform risk assessments and inspections,

1 to provide for the abatement of lead-based paint  
2 hazards, and to provide for the additional cost of  
3 abatement of lead-based paint hazards in such struc-  
4 tures undergoing renovation funded by sources other  
5 than this subtitle; except that the ratio of the grant  
6 amounts used with respect to a structure for pur-  
7 poses under this paragraph to the total cost of the  
8 risk assessments, inspections, and abatement for  
9 common areas of the structure may not exceed the  
10 ratio of the number of eligible residential units in  
11 the structure to the number of dwelling units in the  
12 structure that are not eligible residential units;

13 “(5) to ensure that risk assessments, inspec-  
14 tions, and abatements are carried out by certified  
15 contractors in accordance with section 402 of the  
16 Toxic Substances Control Act;

17 “(6) to monitor the blood-lead levels of workers  
18 involved in lead hazard abatement activities funded  
19 with grant amounts;

20 “(7) to test soil, interior surface dust, and the  
21 blood-lead levels of children who are less than 6  
22 years of age residing in eligible residential units  
23 after lead-based paint hazard abatement activity has  
24 been conducted, to assure that such activity does not  
25 cause excessive exposures to lead;

1           “(8) to train employees and nonprofit contrac-  
2           tors of eligible public entities conducting activities  
3           funded with grant amounts to conduct such activi-  
4           ties, except that such training shall be provided  
5           through training providers accredited under sections  
6           402 and 404 of the Toxic Substances Control Act;

7           “(9) to assist in the temporary relocation of oc-  
8           cupants of eligible residential units while lead hazard  
9           abatement activities are being conducted for such  
10          units;

11          “(10) to acquire, renovate, and maintain tem-  
12          porary housing for low-income occupants of eligible  
13          residential units while lead hazard abatement activi-  
14          ties are being conducted for such units;

15          “(11) to undertake emergency measures;

16          “(12) only if expressly authorized by regula-  
17          tions issued by the Secretary—

18                 “(A) to perform risk assessment, inspec-  
19                 tion, and abatement activities in dwelling units  
20                 that are not eligible residential units but are  
21                 undergoing renovation pursuant to which they  
22                 will be made available for occupancy subject to  
23                 provisions of section 1066 that apply to eligible  
24                 residential units;

1           “(B) to assist in the permanent relocation  
2 of families with children who are less than 6  
3 years of age and have elevated blood levels; or

4           “(C) to conduct activities to prevent deg-  
5 radation of lead-based paint, including activities  
6 to control moisture; and

7           “(13) to carry out such other activities that the  
8 Secretary determines, by regulation, are appropriate  
9 to promote the purposes of this subtitle.

10       “(b) FORMS OF ASSISTANCE.—

11           “(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2),  
12 grant amounts under section 1061 may be used to  
13 carry out activities under subsection (a) through a  
14 variety of programs, including direct provision of  
15 such services, grants, loans, equity investments, re-  
16 volving loan funds, loan funds, loan guarantees, in-  
17 terest write-downs, and other forms of assistance ap-  
18 proved by the Secretary.

19           “(2) REQUIREMENTS FOR GRANTS BY STATES  
20 TO UNITS OF GENERAL LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—A  
21 State may not provide a grant to any public entity  
22 or other unit of general local government using  
23 grant amounts under section 1061 unless such en-  
24 tity or unit has a local lead-based paint law in effect  
25 for its entire jurisdiction. This paragraph may not

1 be construed to limit the use of grant amounts  
2 under section 1061 to provide assistance in any form  
3 authorized under paragraph (1) other than such  
4 grants.

5 **“SEC. 1065. REQUIREMENTS OF ELIGIBLE PUBLIC ENTI-**  
6 **TIES.**

7 “(a) COMPLIANCE WITH PLAN.—Grant amounts  
8 may be expended by the eligible public entity receiving the  
9 grant only in accordance with the plan for the entity ap-  
10 proved by the Secretary under section 1067.

11 “(b) CERTIFICATION OF PERSONNEL AND COMPLI-  
12 ANCE.—Grant amounts may not be expended for risk-as-  
13 sessment, inspection, or abatement activities unless the el-  
14 igible public entity ensures that the individuals conducting  
15 such activities have been certified in accordance with the  
16 requirements of section 402 of the Toxic Substances Con-  
17 trol Act.

18 “(c) LIMITATION OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—  
19 Not more than 10 percent of a grant under section 1061  
20 may be used for administrative expenses associated with  
21 the activities under section 1064(a).

22 “(d) LIMITATION ON EMERGENCY MEASURES.—Not  
23 more than 20 percent of a grant under section 1061 may  
24 be used to undertake emergency measures.

1       “(e) PROHIBITION OF SUBSTITUTION OF FUNDS.—  
2 Grant amounts may not be used to replace other amounts  
3 made available or designated by State or local govern-  
4 ments for use for the purposes under section 1064(a).

5       “(f) FINANCIAL RECORDS.—An eligible public entity  
6 that receives a grant under section 1061 shall maintain  
7 any financial records that the Secretary shall require to  
8 ensure proper accounting and disbursing of grant  
9 amounts, and shall provide such records to the Secretary  
10 upon request.

11       “(g) USE OF AMOUNTS TO ASSIST SMALL BUSI-  
12 NESSES.—Notwithstanding section 1064, not more than  
13 1 percent of a grant under section 1061 may be used to  
14 provide assistance or incentives to nonprofit organizations  
15 and small businesses, which have 10 or fewer employees  
16 (or such other number of employees as the Secretary pro-  
17 vides by regulation), to encourage such organizations and  
18 businesses to obtain or engage in work involving perform-  
19 ing risk assessments and inspections, conducting lead haz-  
20 ard abatement activities, or conducting emergency meas-  
21 ures and to assist such businesses or organizations to ob-  
22 tain such work.

1 **“SEC. 1066. CONTINUED USE OF ELIGIBLE RESIDENTIAL**  
2 **UNITS AS AFFORDABLE HOUSING.**

3 “(a) AFFORDABLE HOUSING REQUIREMENT.—For  
4 the duration of the period described in subsection (b), any  
5 eligible residential unit for which abatement activities are  
6 carried out with grant amounts shall—

7 “(1) in the case of a rental dwelling unit—

8 “(A) bear a rent (not including any utility  
9 charges) that does not exceed the fair market  
10 rental established by the Secretary under sec-  
11 tion 8 of the United States Housing Act of  
12 1937 and applicable to a unit in the area of  
13 comparable size and type; and

14 “(B) not be refused for leasing to a holder  
15 of a voucher or certificate of eligibility under  
16 section 8 of the United States Housing Act of  
17 1937 because of the status of the prospective  
18 tenant as a holder of such voucher or certificate  
19 of eligibility; or

20 “(2) in the case of a unit that is occupied by  
21 the owner of the unit or for which the family that  
22 will occupy the unit has entered into a contract to  
23 purchase the unit, be occupied by a family—

24 “(A) whose members include (I) a child  
25 who is less than 6 years of age, or (II) a preg-  
26 nant female; and

1           “(B) that is a low-income family.

2           “(b) APPLICABLE PERIOD.—For any eligible residen-  
3 tial unit involved, the period referred to in subsection (a)  
4 is the period beginning upon the date that post-abatement  
5 clearance testing is satisfactorily completed and consisting  
6 of a number of consecutive months equal to the quotient  
7 resulting from dividing by 85.0 the amount of grant  
8 amounts expended for the unit.

9           “(c) AGREEMENT AND LIEN.—

10           “(1) AGREEMENT.—Grant amounts may be ex-  
11 pended for abatement activities for an eligible resi-  
12 dential unit only if, before the commencement of the  
13 activities, the eligible public entity receiving the  
14 grant has made reasonable efforts to enter into an  
15 agreement with the owner of the unit that—

16           “(A) provides for the abatement activities  
17 to be carried out;

18           “(B) establishes a lien under paragraph  
19 (3) on the unit to secure compliance with sub-  
20 section (a); and

21           “(C) provides penalties for the breach of  
22 the agreement, as the Secretary determines ap-  
23 propriate.

24           “(2) NONCONSENSUAL LIEN.—In any case in  
25 which the eligible public entity involved is unable to

1 enter into an agreement under paragraph (1) with  
2 the owner of any eligible residential unit, the ex-  
3 penditure of any grant amounts for abatement ac-  
4 tivities for the unit shall create a lien under para-  
5 graph (3).

6 “(3) TERMS OF LIEN.— A lien under this para-  
7 graph shall be in the amount of the expenditures  
8 made with grant amounts for abatement activities  
9 carried out with respect to the unit, with the eligible  
10 public entity as the holder of the lien.

11 “(d) RECOVERY OF GRANT AMOUNTS.—

12 “(1) AUTHORITY.—If, at any time during the  
13 period described in subsection (b), an eligible resi-  
14 dential unit for which grants amounts were ex-  
15 pended for abatement activities does not comply with  
16 the requirements under subsection (a), the eligible  
17 public entity or the Secretary may recover from the  
18 owner of the structure all or part of the expendi-  
19 tures of the grant made for abatement activities con-  
20 ducted with respect to the unit, together with inter-  
21 est on such amounts. Such interest shall be cal-  
22 culated from the date of initial noncompliance with  
23 the requirements under subsection (a) at a rate  
24 equal to the coupon issue yield equivalent (as deter-  
25 mined by the Secretary of the Treasury) of the aver-

1 age accepted auction price for the last auction of 52-  
2 week United States Treasury bills settled imme-  
3 diately prior to the date of the recovery.

4 “(2) CAUSE OF ACTION.—An eligible public en-  
5 tity or the Secretary may bring an action in any  
6 court of competent jurisdiction to collect grant  
7 amounts and interest under this section.

8 “(3) AWARD OF COSTS.—In any action brought  
9 by an eligible entity or the Secretary to recover such  
10 amounts, if the entity or Secretary prevails or sub-  
11 stantially prevails in such action, the court shall  
12 award the costs of litigation (including reasonable  
13 attorneys and expert witness fees) if the court deter-  
14 mines such an award is appropriate.

15 “(4) USE OF RECOVERED AMOUNTS.—Any  
16 amounts recovered by an eligible public entity pursu-  
17 ant to this subsection shall be treated as amounts  
18 provided to the entity in a grant under section 1061  
19 and shall be subject to the provisions of this subtitle  
20 applicable to such grant amounts. Any amounts re-  
21 covered by the Secretary pursuant to this subsection  
22 shall be made available and used in accordance with  
23 section 9512 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986  
24 (relating to the Lead Abatement Trust Fund).

1 **“SEC. 1067. PLAN REGARDING ACTIVITIES OF GRANTEE.**

2       “(a) REQUIREMENTS.—With respect to a grant  
3 under section 1061 for a public entity for a fiscal year,  
4 a plan is in accordance with this section only if the follow-  
5 ing requirements are met:

6               “(1) SUBMISSION.—The public entity submits a  
7 plan to the Secretary not later than May 1st of the  
8 preceding fiscal year (or such other date as the Sec-  
9 retary may establish for submission of plans for fis-  
10 cal year 1994) containing the information required  
11 under this subsection.

12               “(2) PRIORITIES FOR USE OF GRANTS.—The  
13 plan provides, to the extent practicable, that—

14                       “(A) in expending grant amounts, the ratio  
15 of the amount expended for performing risk as-  
16 sessments, inspections, and abatement activities  
17 for eligible residential units in rental housing to  
18 the amount expended for such assessments, in-  
19 spections, and activities for eligible residential  
20 units that are owner-occupied shall be not less  
21 than 2 times the quotient of—

22                               “(i) the number of rental housing  
23 units in the jurisdiction of the public entity  
24 whose construction was completed by not  
25 later than January 1, 1950; divided by

1           “(ii) the number of owner-occupied  
2           housing units in the jurisdiction whose  
3           construction was completed by not later  
4           than January 1, 1950; and

5           “(B) in expending grant amounts for ac-  
6           tivities for eligible residential units that are  
7           owner-occupied, priority shall be given—

8           “(i) first, for units occupied by fami-  
9           lies (I) whose members include a child who  
10          is less than 6 years of age or a pregnant  
11          woman, and (II) whose family income does  
12          not exceed the official poverty line (as de-  
13          fined by the Office of Management and  
14          Budget and revised periodically in accord-  
15          ance with section 673(2) of the Omnibus  
16          Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981) appli-  
17          cable to the family of the size involved;

18          “(ii) second, for units occupied by  
19          families (I) whose members include a child  
20          who is less than 6 years of age or a preg-  
21          nant woman, and (II) that are very-low in-  
22          come families;

23          “(iii) third, for units occupied by fam-  
24          ilies (I) whose members include a child  
25          who is less than 6 years of age or a preg-

1           nant woman, and (II) that are low-income  
2           families; and

3           “(iv) fourth, for units occupied by  
4           other families whose members include (I) a  
5           child who is less than 6 years of age, or  
6           (II) a pregnant woman.

7           “(3) AVAILABILITY OF RENTAL UNITS.—The  
8           plan provides that the eligible public entity shall en-  
9           courage owners of eligible residential units for which  
10          risk assessments, inspections, or abatement activities  
11          have been conducted using grant amounts and that  
12          are made available for rental to make such units  
13          available to families whose members include (A) a  
14          child who is less than 6 years of age, or (B) a preg-  
15          nant woman.

16          “(4) PROGRAM STRATEGY.—The plan contains  
17          descriptions of the methods by which the public en-  
18          tity—

19                 “(A) will provide priority for the use of  
20                 grant amounts in accordance with paragraph  
21                 (2);

22                 “(B) will encourage owners of units re-  
23                 ferred to in paragraph (3) to make such units  
24                 available to families described in such para-  
25                 graph;

1           “(C) will select the eligible facilities for  
2           which risk assessments are to be conducted  
3           using grant amounts;

4           “(D) will select the eligible facilities for  
5           which abatement activities are to be conducted  
6           using grant amounts; and

7           “(E) will ensure compliance with the re-  
8           quirements of subsections (a) through (c) of  
9           section 1066.

10           “(5) DISTRIBUTION OF AMOUNTS BY STATES.—  
11           In the case of a public entity that is a State, the  
12           plan contains a description of the method by which  
13           the State will expend or distribute grant amounts to  
14           units of general local government in accordance with  
15           this subtitle and will ensure compliance with the pro-  
16           visions of this subtitle with respect to such distrib-  
17           uted amounts.

18           “(6) LOCAL LEAD-BASED PAINT LAWS.—The  
19           plan contains evidence there are in effect, for the en-  
20           tire jurisdiction of the public entity, local lead-based  
21           paint laws.

22           “(7) COORDINATION WITH LOCAL AGENCIES.—  
23           The plan provides for the public entity to coordinate  
24           with State and local health, housing, and environ-  
25           mental agencies and contains a description of the

1 methods by which the entity shall ensure that such  
2 coordination is carried out.

3 “(8) EMPLOYMENT.—The plan provides for the  
4 public entity to make training and employment op-  
5 portunities available in connection with activities  
6 carried out with grant amounts available to low-in-  
7 come residents of areas having substantial numbers  
8 of eligible facilities with lead-based paint hazards  
9 and to community-based contractors and nonprofit  
10 organizations serving such areas.

11 “(9) CERTIFICATION OF PREVIOUS COMPLI-  
12 ANCE.—With respect to fiscal year 1995 and subse-  
13 quent fiscal years, the plan contains a certification  
14 that, for the most recent fiscal year for which the  
15 entity received a grant under this subtitle, the entity  
16 complied with the requirements under sections 1065  
17 and 1066.

18 “(10) CITIZEN PARTICIPATION.—Before sub-  
19 mitting the plan, the public entity has—

20 “(A) made available to its citizens, public  
21 agencies, and other interested parties informa-  
22 tion concerning the amount the entity expects  
23 to receive under the grant and the proposed  
24 uses of the grant amounts;

1           “(B) published a proposed plan in a man-  
2 ner that, in the determination of the Secretary,  
3 affords affected citizens, public agencies, and  
4 other interested parties a reasonable oppor-  
5 tunity to examine its content and to submit  
6 comments on the proposed plan;

7           “(C) held 1 or more public hearings to ob-  
8 tain the views of citizens, public agencies, and  
9 other interested parties on the needs of the  
10 public entity with respect to lead-based paint  
11 hazards in eligible facilities;

12           “(D) provided citizens, public agencies,  
13 and other interested parties with reasonable ac-  
14 cess to records regarding the uses of grant  
15 amounts from any grants the public entity has  
16 received under this subtitle during the preced-  
17 ing 5 years;

18           “(E) considered any comments or views of  
19 citizens in preparing the final plan for submis-  
20 sion under this section, and has attached a  
21 summary of such comments or views to the plan  
22 submitted; and

23           “(F) made the plan submitted available to  
24 the public.

1 A public entity shall be considered to have complied  
2 with the requirements of this paragraph if the public  
3 entity submits to the Secretary a comprehensive  
4 housing affordability strategy required under section  
5 105 of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable  
6 Housing Act that includes the information required  
7 under paragraphs (1) through (9) of this section,  
8 and complies with the requirements of section 107  
9 of such Act (relating to citizen participation).

10 “(b) REVIEW.—

11 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Upon the submission of a  
12 plan under this section, the Secretary shall review  
13 the plan to determine whether it is in accordance  
14 with this section. Not later than 90 days after re-  
15 ceipt by the Secretary, the Secretary shall approve  
16 the plan unless the Secretary determines that it has  
17 not been submitted in accordance with this section,  
18 in which case the Secretary shall disapprove the  
19 plan.

20 “(2) NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary shall im-  
21 mediately notify the public entity submitting a plan,  
22 in writing, of any approval or disapproval of the  
23 plan. A plan shall be considered to have been ap-  
24 proved under this subsection for purposes of section  
25 1061(b)(1) unless the Secretary provides notice

1 under this paragraph of disapproval during the pe-  
2 riod referred to paragraph (1) of this subsection.

3 “(3) DISAPPROVAL.—In the case of a plan dis-  
4 approved by the Secretary, the Secretary shall in-  
5 clude with the notification of disapproval a written  
6 description of the reasons for the disapproval identi-  
7 fying the specific deficiencies of the plan.

8 “(4) AMENDMENTS AND RESUBMISSION.—Any  
9 public entity whose plan has been disapproved may  
10 amend or resubmit the plan during the 60-day pe-  
11 riod beginning upon notice of disapproval. The Sec-  
12 retary shall review, and approve or disapprove a plan  
13 amended or resubmitted under this paragraph not  
14 later than 60 days after receipt of the resubmitted  
15 plan, and shall immediately notify the public entity  
16 amending or resubmitting the plan, in writing, of  
17 such approval or disapproval. A plan resubmitted or  
18 amended under this paragraph shall be considered to  
19 have been approved under this subsection for pur-  
20 poses of section 1061(b)(1) unless the Secretary pro-  
21 vides notice under this paragraph of disapproval  
22 during such period.

23 **“SEC. 1068. ANNUAL REPORTS TO SECRETARY.**

24 “(a) IN GENERAL.—An eligible public entity that re-  
25 ceives a grant under section 1061 shall submit to the Sec-

1 retary, for such fiscal year, a report under this section.  
2 The report shall be submitted not later than the expiration  
3 of the 6-month period beginning upon the termination of  
4 the fiscal year in which the grant is received, in the form  
5 and manner required by the Secretary. The Secretary may  
6 provide for any public entity that is required to submit  
7 a report under this section that also is required to submit  
8 a performance report under section 108(a) of the Cran-  
9 ston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act, to comply  
10 with this section by including the information required in  
11 the report under this section in such performance report.

12 “(b) CONTENTS.—A report under this section shall  
13 include the following information:

14 “(1) The sources and amounts from which the  
15 entity obtained the non-Federal contributions re-  
16 quired by section 1063.

17 “(2) The number of children within the juris-  
18 diction of the eligible public entity who have been  
19 screened for blood-lead levels and the findings re-  
20 sulting from such screenings.

21 “(3) The amount of funds provided under sec-  
22 tion 1061 that were expended for each of the cat-  
23 gories of activities authorized under section  
24 1064(a).

1           “(4) The amount of funds provided under sec-  
2           tion 1061 that were expended for abatement activi-  
3           ties with respect to owner-occupied dwelling units  
4           and the amount so expended with respect to rental  
5           dwelling units.

6           “(5) The number of eligible facilities for  
7           which—

8                   “(A) evaluation activities were conducted;

9                   “(B) emergency measures were conducted  
10                  (and a description of such activities);

11                  “(C) abatement activities were commenced;

12                  “(D) abatement activities were completed  
13                  and the facility passed post-abatement clear-  
14                  ance testing; and

15                  “(E) abatement activities were completed  
16                  and the facility failed to pass post-abatement  
17                  clearance testing.

18           “(6) With respect to eligible facilities described  
19           in paragraph (5)(E), a description of the status of  
20           such facilities and the reasons underlying such sta-  
21           tus.

22           “(7) For each eligible facility for which abate-  
23           ment activities and emergency measures have been  
24           conducted using grant amounts, the address and

1 owner of the facility and the census tracts within  
2 which the facility is located.

3 **“SEC. 1069. DETERMINATION OF AMOUNT OF ALLOTMENT.**

4 “(a) AMOUNT OF TOTAL ALLOTMENT.—The amount  
5 of a total allotment under section 1061(a)(2) for an eligi-  
6 ble public entity for a fiscal year shall be an amount equal  
7 to the sum of—

8 “(1) the amount of the standard allotment de-  
9 termined for the entity under subsection (b); and

10 “(2) the amount of the supplemental allotment  
11 determined for the entity under subsection (d).

12 “(b) AMOUNT OF STANDARD ALLOTMENT.—The  
13 amount of a standard allotment for an eligible public en-  
14 tity for a fiscal year shall be the product of—

15 “(1) the amount in the Fund that under section  
16 1062(a) is available for allotments for the fiscal  
17 year; and

18 “(2) a percentage equal to the mean of the 3  
19 percentages determined under subsection (c) with re-  
20 spect to the entity.

21 “(c) PERCENTAGES REGARDING RELEVANT FAC-  
22 TORS.—Subject to subsection (e), the 3 percentages re-  
23 ferred to in subsection (b)(2) with respect to an eligible  
24 public entity are as follows:

1           “(1) CHILDREN IN POVERTY.—The percentage  
2 equal to the quotient of—

3           “(A) an amount equal to the number of  
4 children who are less than 6 years of age resid-  
5 ing in the jurisdiction of the entity whose fami-  
6 lies have incomes equal to or below the official  
7 poverty line (as defined by the Office of Man-  
8 agement and Budget and revised periodically in  
9 accordance with section 673(2) of the Omnibus  
10 Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981) applicable  
11 to the family of the size involved; divided by

12           “(B) an amount equal to the sum of the  
13 respective amounts determined under subpara-  
14 graph (A) for each eligible public entity.

15           “(2) FAMILIES IN PRE-1950 HOUSING.—The  
16 percentage equal to the quotient of—

17           “(A) an amount equal to the number of  
18 families residing in the jurisdiction of the entity  
19 that—

20           “(i) have incomes equal to or less  
21 than such poverty line; and

22           “(ii) reside in residential units whose  
23 construction was completed by not later  
24 than January 1, 1950; divided by

1           “(B) an amount equal to the sum of the  
2           respective amounts determined under subpara-  
3           graph (A) for each eligible public entity.

4           “(3) FAMILIES IN PRE-1960 HOUSING.—The  
5           percentage equal to the quotient of—

6           “(A) an amount equal to the number of  
7           families residing in the jurisdiction of the entity  
8           that—

9           “(i) have incomes equal to or less  
10           than such poverty line; and

11           “(ii) reside in residential units whose  
12           construction was completed by not later  
13           than January 1, 1960; divided by

14           “(B) an amount equal to the sum of the  
15           respective amounts determined under subpara-  
16           graph (A) for each eligible public entity.

17           “(d) AMOUNT OF SUPPLEMENTAL ALLOTMENT.—

18           “(1) IN GENERAL.—The amount of a supple-  
19           mental allotment for an eligible public entity for a  
20           fiscal year shall be the product of—

21           “(A) an amount equal to the aggregate  
22           amount of any standard allotments for the fis-  
23           cal year under section 1061(a)(1) terminated  
24           under section 1061(a)(4); and

1           “(B) a percentage equal to the mean of the  
2           3 percentages determined under paragraph (2)  
3           with respect to the entity.

4           “(2) PERCENTAGES REGARDING RELEVANT  
5           FACTORS.—Subject to subsection (e), the 3 percent-  
6           ages referred to in paragraph (1)(B) with respect to  
7           an eligible public entity are as follows:

8           “(A) CHILDREN IN POVERTY.—The per-  
9           centage equal to the quotient of—

10           “(i) the amount determined under  
11           subsection (c)(1)(A) for the entity; divided  
12           by

13           “(ii) an amount equal to the sum of  
14           the respective amounts determined under  
15           subsection (c)(1)(A) for each eligible public  
16           entity that receives a grant under section  
17           1061.

18           “(B) FAMILIES IN PRE-1950 HOUSING.—  
19           The percentage equal to the quotient of—

20           “(i) the amount determined under  
21           subsection (c)(2)(A) for the entity; divided  
22           by

23           “(ii) an amount equal to the sum of  
24           the respective amounts determined under  
25           subsection (c)(2)(A) for each eligible public

1           entity that receives a grant under section  
2           1061.

3           “(C) FAMILIES IN PRE-1960 HOUSING.—

4           The percentage equal to the quotient of—

5                   “(i) the amount determined under  
6                   subsection (c)(3)(A) for the entity; divided  
7                   by

8                   “(ii) an amount equal to the sum of  
9                   the respective amounts determined under  
10                  subsection (c)(3)(A) for each eligible public  
11                  entity that receives a grant under section  
12                  1061.

13          “(e) PROHIBITION AGAINST DUPLICATIVE COUNT-  
14          ING.—In the case of any eligible public entity within whose  
15          jurisdiction there exists the jurisdiction of another eligible  
16          public entity, the calculations regarding percentages made  
17          under each of paragraphs (1) through (3) of subsection  
18          (c) and under each of subparagraphs (A) through (C) of  
19          subsection (d)(2) may not include any numbers represent-  
20          ing children or families (as the case may be) who reside  
21          in the jurisdiction of the other eligible public entity.

22          **“SEC. 1070. CITIZENS’ SUITS.**

23          “Any person may bring an action against the Sec-  
24          retary where there is alleged a failure of the Secretary to  
25          perform any act of duty under this subtitle that is not

1 discretionary with the Secretary. The court, in issuing any  
2 final order in any action brought pursuant to this section,  
3 may award costs of litigation (including reasonable attor-  
4 ney and expert witness fees) to the prevailing or substan-  
5 tially prevailing party, whenever the court determines that  
6 such an award is appropriate. Nothing in this section shall  
7 restrict any right that any person (or class of persons)  
8 may have under any statute or common law.

9 **“SEC. 1071. EVALUATION OF PROGRAM; REPORTS TO CON-**  
10 **GRESS.**

11 “(a) EVALUATIONS.—The Secretary shall, directly or  
12 through contracts with public or private entities, carry out  
13 evaluations of representative programs carried out by eli-  
14 gible public entities pursuant to this subtitle.

15 “(b) REPORTS.—Not later than the expiration of the  
16 18-month period beginning on the date of the enactment  
17 of the Lead-Based Paint Hazard Abatement Trust Fund  
18 Act of 1993, and every 24 months thereafter, the Sec-  
19 retary shall submit to the Congress a report—

20 “(1) summarizing evaluations carried out pur-  
21 suant to subsection (a) during the preceding 2 fiscal  
22 years; and

23 “(2) summarizing reports submitted to the Sec-  
24 retary pursuant to section 1068.

1 **“SEC. 1072. USE OF TRUST FUND AMOUNTS FOR EVALUA-**  
2 **TION AND ADMINISTRATION.**

3 “In each year, of any amounts in the Lead Abate-  
4 ment Trust Fund established in section 9512 of the Inter-  
5 nal Revenue Code of 1986 on October 1, the Secretary  
6 may reserve not more than 0.1 percent for costs relating  
7 to carry out this subtitle (including carrying out evalua-  
8 tions under section 1071) during the fiscal year beginning  
9 on such October 1.

10 **“SEC. 1073. DEFINITIONS.**

11 “For purposes of this subtitle:

12 “(1) The term ‘child day-care structure’ means  
13 a structure—

14 “(A) whose purpose includes provision of  
15 child care to children under the age of 7; and

16 “(B) that is operated by an entity licensed  
17 by a State or political subdivision of a State to  
18 engage in such business.

19 The term includes rooms and common areas in  
20 school buildings used for activities described in sub-  
21 paragraph (A).

22 “(2) The term ‘city’ has the meaning given  
23 such term in section 102 of the Housing and Com-  
24 munity Development Act of 1974.

25 “(3) The term ‘eligible public entity’ has the  
26 meaning given such term in section 1061(b).

1           “(4) The term ‘eligible residential unit’ means  
2           an eligible facility under paragraph (5)(A).

3           “(5) The term ‘eligible facility’ means—

4                   “(A) a dwelling unit in target housing  
5                   that—

6                           “(i) complies with the requirements of  
7                           section 1066(a); and

8                           “(ii) is not federally owned housing,  
9                           federally assisted housing, or public hous-  
10                          ing; or

11                   “(B) a child day-care structure constructed  
12                   prior to 1978.

13           “(6) The term ‘emergency measures’ means  
14           measures to correct identified exposure hazards  
15           posed by deteriorated paint, lead-contaminated dust,  
16           or lead-contaminated soil at eligible residential units  
17           occupied by families whose members include (A) a  
18           child who is less than 6 years of age, or (B) a preg-  
19           nant female.

20           “(7) The term ‘Fund’ means the Lead Abate-  
21           ment Trust Fund established in section 9512 of the  
22           Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

23           “(8) The term ‘grant amounts’ means amounts  
24           received under a grant under this subtitle.

1           “(9) The term ‘local lead-based paint law’  
2 means any law, ordinance, or code that expressly  
3 provides protection of individuals from hazards  
4 posed by lead-based paint in dwelling units.

5           “(10) The terms ‘low-income family’ and ‘very  
6 low-income family’ have the meanings given such  
7 terms in section 104 of the Cranston-Gonzalez Na-  
8 tional Affordable Housing Act.

9           “(11) The term ‘post-abatement clearance test-  
10 ing’ means testing required before occupancy of an  
11 abated unit in accordance with regulations imple-  
12 menting title IV of the Toxic Substances Control  
13 Act.

14           “(12) The term ‘public entity’ means a State,  
15 urban county, or city.

16           “(13) The term ‘standard allotment’ means the  
17 allotment made for eligible public entities under sec-  
18 tion 1061(a)(1).

19           “(14) The term ‘State’ means each of the sev-  
20 eral States, the District of Columbia, and each of  
21 the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, American  
22 Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern  
23 Mariana Islands, the Virgin Islands, and the Trust  
24 Territory of the Pacific Islands.

1           “(15) The term ‘supplemental allotment’ means  
2           the portion of a total allotment in the amount deter-  
3           mined in accordance with section 1069(d).

4           “(16) The term ‘total allotment’ means the al-  
5           lotment made under section 1061(a)(2).

6           “(17) The term ‘urban county’ has the meaning  
7           given such term in section 102 of the Housing and  
8           Community Development Act of 1974, except that in  
9           determining whether 200,000 or more individuals re-  
10          side in the county, the population of any metropoli-  
11          tan cities (as defined in such section) in the county  
12          shall be included.

13   **“SEC. 1074. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

14          “‘There is authorized to be appropriated from the  
15          Lead Abatement Trust Fund the amounts required to be  
16          paid to eligible public entities under sections 1061.

17   **“SEC. 1075. REGULATIONS.**

18          “(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall issue any  
19          regulations necessary to carry out this subtitle. Such regu-  
20          lations shall include regulations regarding the content and  
21          submission of plans under section 1067.

22          “(b) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary shall issue the  
23          regulations required in subsection (a) through rulemaking  
24          in accordance with the procedures established under sec-  
25          tion 553 of title 5, United States Code, regarding sub-

1 stantive rules. Such regulations shall be issued not later  
 2 than the expiration of the 12-month period beginning on  
 3 the date of the enactment of the Lead-Based Paint Haz-  
 4 ard Abatement Trust Fund Act of 1993.

5 “(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Any failure by the  
 6 Secretary to issue any regulations required under this sec-  
 7 tion shall not affect the effectiveness of the provisions of  
 8 this subtitle.”.

9 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents  
 10 in section 1(b) of the Housing and Community Develop-  
 11 ment Act of 1992 is amended by striking the items relat-  
 12 ing to subtitle E of title X and section 1061 and inserting  
 13 the following new items:

“Subtitle E—Entitlement Program for Formula Grants for Lead-Based Paint  
 Hazard Reduction

- “Sec. 1061. Allotments for States and certain political subdivisions.
- “Sec. 1062. Lead abatement trust fund; entitlement status of grants.
- “Sec. 1063. Requirement of matching funds.
- “Sec. 1064. Use of grants.
- “Sec. 1065. Requirements of eligible public entities.
- “Sec. 1066. Continued use of eligible residential structures as affordable  
 housing.
- “Sec. 1067. Plan regarding activities of grantee.
- “Sec. 1068. Annual reports to Secretary.
- “Sec. 1069. Determination of amount of allotment.
- “Sec. 1070. Citizens’ suits.
- “Sec. 1071. Evaluation of program; reports to Congress.
- “Sec. 1072. Use of trust fund amounts for evaluation and administration.
- “Sec. 1073. Definitions.
- “Sec. 1074. Authorization of appropriations.
- “Sec. 1075. Regulations.

“Subtitle F—Reports

- “Sec. 1081. Reports of the Secretary of Housing and Urban Develop-  
 ment.”.

1 **SEC. 4. EXCISE TAX ON LEAD AND LEAD PRODUCTS.**

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 38 of the Internal Reve-  
3 nue Code of 1986 (relating to environmental taxes) is  
4 amended by adding at the end thereof the following new  
5 subchapter:

6 “SUBCHAPTER E—LEAD AND LEAD PRODUCTS

“Sec. 4686. Lead and lead products.

7 **“SEC. 4686. LEAD AND LEAD PRODUCTS.**

8 “(a) GENERAL RULE; RATE.—There is hereby im-  
9 posed a tax of 45 cents per pound on—

10 “(1) lead removed from any United States  
11 smelter, and

12 “(2) lead and lead in any taxable lead product  
13 entered into the United States for consumption, use,  
14 or warehousing.

15 “(b) LIABILITY FOR TAX.—

16 “(1) REMOVAL.—The tax imposed by sub-  
17 section (a)(1) shall be paid by the operator of the  
18 United States smelter.

19 “(2) IMPORTATION.—The tax imposed by sub-  
20 section (a)(2) shall be paid by the person entering  
21 the lead or taxable lead product into the United  
22 States for consumption, use, or warehousing.

23 “(c) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this subchapter:

1           “(1) PRIMARY LEAD.—The term ‘primary lead’  
2 means lead that has not been previously used in any  
3 finished or unfinished product.

4           “(2) SECONDARY LEAD.—The term ‘secondary  
5 lead’ means lead that has been previously used in  
6 any finished or unfinished product.

7           “(3) TAXABLE LEAD PRODUCTS.—The term  
8 ‘taxable lead products’ means any product more  
9 than 0.06 percent of the dry weight of which is at-  
10 tributable to lead.

11           “(4) UNITED STATES SMELTER.—The term  
12 ‘United States smelter’ means any facility in the  
13 United States at which primary or secondary lead is  
14 smelted.

15           “(d) CREDIT OR REFUND FOR EXPORTS OF LEAD  
16 OR TAXABLE LEAD PRODUCTS.—

17           “(1) IN GENERAL.—If—

18                   “(A) tax was imposed by this section with  
19 respect to any lead, and

20                   “(B)(i) such lead was exported by any per-  
21 son, or

22                   “(ii) such lead was used as a material in  
23 the manufacture or production of any taxable  
24 lead product which was exported by any person,

1 credit or refund (without interest) shall be allowed  
2 or made to the person who paid such tax.

3 “(2) CONDITIONS OF ALLOWANCE.—Rules simi-  
4 lar to the rules of section 4662(e)(2)(B) shall apply  
5 for purposes of this subsection.

6 “(3) REFUNDS DIRECTLY TO EXPORTER.—  
7 Rules similar to the rules of section 4662(e)(3) shall  
8 apply for purposes of this subsection.

9 “(e) TERMINATION.—No tax shall be imposed by this  
10 section after the 10-year period beginning on the date of  
11 the enactment of this section.”.

12 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sub-  
13 chapters for chapter 38 of such Code is amended by add-  
14 ing at the end thereof the following new item:

“Subchapter E. Lead or lead products”.

15 **SEC. 5. LEAD ABATEMENT TRUST FUND.**

16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter A of chapter 98 of the  
17 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to trust fund)  
18 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new  
19 section:

20 **“SEC. 9512. LEAD ABATEMENT TRUST FUND.**

21 “(a) CREATION OF TRUST FUND.—There is hereby  
22 established in the Treasury of the United States a trust  
23 fund to be known as the ‘Lead Abatement Trust Fund’,  
24 consisting of such amounts as may be credited to such  
25 trust fund as provided in this section or section 9602(b).

1       “(b) CREDITS TO TRUST FUND.—There are hereby  
2 credited to the Lead Abatement Trust Fund amounts  
3 equivalent to the taxes received in the Treasury under sec-  
4 tion 4686 (relating to tax on lead and lead products) and  
5 any amounts recovered by the Secretary pursuant to sec-  
6 tion 1066(d)(2) of the Housing and Community Develop-  
7 ment Act of 1992.

8       “(c) EXPENDITURES FROM TRUST FUND.—

9           “(1) IN GENERAL.—Amounts in the Lead  
10 Abatement Trust Fund shall be available for pur-  
11 poses of making grants under sections 1061 and  
12 1069(d) of the Housing and Community Develop-  
13 ment Act of 1992 and for administrative cost as  
14 provided in section 1072 of such Act, but shall not  
15 be available for any other purpose.

16           “(2) TRANSFERS FOR CREDITS AND RE-  
17 FUNDS.—The Secretary shall pay from time to time  
18 from the Lead Abatement Trust Fund amounts  
19 equivalent to the credits allowed and refunds made  
20 under section 4684(d).”.

21       “(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections  
22 for such subchapter A is amended by adding at the end  
23 thereof the following new item:

“Sec. 9512. Lead Abatement Trust Fund.”.

1 **SEC. 6. EFFECTIVE DATES.**

2 (a) FORMULA GRANTS.—The amendments made by  
3 section 3 shall take effect October 1, 1994, or upon the  
4 date of the enactment of this Act, whichever occurs later.

5 (b) IMPOSITION OF EXCISE TAX; ESTABLISHMENT  
6 OF FUND.—The amendments made by sections 4 and 5  
7 shall take effect upon the date of the enactment of this  
8 Act.

○

HR 2479 SC—2

HR 2479 SC—3

HR 2479 SC—4