

103^D CONGRESS
2^D SESSION

H. CON. RES. 311

Expressing the sense of the Congress that the percentage of United States Armed Forces participating in the United Nations-led peacekeeping force in Haiti should not exceed the annual percentage assessed the United States by the United Nations for contributions to finance the peacekeeping activities of the United Nations.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OCTOBER 6, 1994

Mr. FARR of California (for himself, Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, and Mr. MICA) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Expressing the sense of the Congress that the percentage of United States Armed Forces participating in the United Nations-led peacekeeping force in Haiti should not exceed the annual percentage assessed the United States by the United Nations for contributions to finance the peacekeeping activities of the United Nations.

Whereas United Nations Security Council Resolution 940 (July 31, 1994) authorized the formation of a multinational force for the purpose of facilitating the return to Haiti of the democratically elected President Jean Bertrand Aristide;

Whereas approximately 20,000 United States troops have been deployed to Haiti as a part of the multinational force for the purpose of establishing a secure and stable environment for the return to Haiti of President Aristide;

Whereas the efforts of the international community in the Western Hemisphere and throughout the world are vital to enabling a democratic transition to occur and be sustained in Haiti;

Whereas the success of this democratic transition fundamentally relies on the establishment of independent democratic institutions in Haiti which in turn will improve the economic and political stability in Haiti;

Whereas the United States is contributing a significant amount of resources to support the United States-led multinational force in Haiti;

Whereas a United Nations-led peacekeeping force in Haiti will be deployed upon completion of the mission of the United States-led multinational force in Haiti; and

Whereas the United States is charged a peacekeeping assessment by the United Nations annually for the purpose of financing the peacekeeping activities of the United Nations in troubled regions of the world: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate*
2 *concurring)*, That it is the sense of the Congress that the
3 percentage of United States Armed Forces participating
4 in the United Nations-led peacekeeping force in Haiti
5 (known as the “United Nations Mission in Haiti” or
6 “UNMIH”) to be deployed upon completion of the mission

1 of the United States-led multinational force in Haiti
2 should be no higher than the percentage assessed the
3 United States by the United Nations for contributions to
4 finance the peacekeeping activities of the United Nations
5 for the year in which UNMIH becomes operational.

