

103^D CONGRESS
2^D SESSION

H. CON. RES. 209

Expressing the sense of the Congress that any comprehensive health care reform legislation that is enacted should provide for annual screenings of children under 6 years of age for lead poisoning.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 23, 1994

Mrs. KENNELLY (for herself, Mr. JEFFERSON, Mr. DELLUMS, Mr. FOGLETTA, Mr. McDERMOTT, Mr. OWENS, Ms. PELOSI, Ms. WATERS, Mr. FROST, Mr. GEJDENSON, Mr. SCOTT, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, Mr. BONIOR, Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas, Ms. FURSE, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, and Mr. WASHINGTON) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred jointly to the Committees on Energy and Commerce and Ways and Means

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Expressing the sense of the Congress that any comprehensive health care reform legislation that is enacted should provide for annual screenings of children under 6 years of age for lead poisoning.

Whereas lead poisoning is the most serious environmental health problem affecting children in the United States;

Whereas more than 6,000,000 children and 400,000 pregnant women have levels of lead in their blood that exceed the level that is considered safe by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; and

Whereas studies have proven that lead poisoning in children
results in learning disabilities and medical complications:
Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate*
2 *concurring)*, That it is the sense of the Congress that any
3 comprehensive health care reform legislation that is en-
4 acted should provide for annual screenings of children
5 under 6 years of age for lead poisoning.

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